

约当三系上非零权的相对Rota-Baxter算子

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摘要

本文主要研究约当三系上关于非零权的相对Rota-Baxter算子。首先回顾了约当代数, 约旦三系以及子系的概念, 然后给出了约当三系的表示的定义, 进而得出约当三系在另一个约当三系上作用的概念, 以及约当三系上非零权的相对Rota-Baxter算子的定义, 找到了在约当三系及其作用空间的直和上构造新约当三系的方法。最后, 给出了在一个约当三系上定义与相对Rota-Baxter算子有关的新运算可得到新的约当三系的方法, 并且构造了新的约当三系的表示。此外文中还给出了约当三系上构造相对Rota-Baxter算子的方法。

关键词

约当三系, 相对Rota-Baxter算子, 作用, 伴随表示

Relative Rota-Baxter Operator of Non-Zero Weights on the Jordan Triple

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Abstract

In this paper, we mainly study the relative Rota-Baxter operators on Jordan triple systems of non-zero weights. First, we recall the concepts of Jordan algebra, Jordan triple systems, and subsystems, and then the definition of the representation of Jordan triple systems is given. Then, the concept of Jordan triple systems acting on another Jordan triple system is obtained, as well as the definition of relative Rota-Baxter operators of nonzero weights on Jordan triple systems. A method for constructing a new Jordan triple system on the direct sum of Jordan triple systems and their action spaces is found. Finally, it is shown that by defining new operations related to the rel-

ative Rota-Baxter operator on a Jordan triple system, a new Jordan triple system can be obtained, and a new representation of the Jordan triple system is constructed. In addition, a method for constructing relative Rota-Baxter operators is also presented.

Keywords

Jordan Triple, Relative Rota-Baxter Operator, Action, Adjoint Representation

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1. 引言

约当三系的定义最早是 1949 年由 Nathan Jacobson 提出的[1], 通过约当代数可以构造出约当三系。而约当代数理论最早是有量子物理学的潜在研究所激发的, 在物理, 特别是量子力学中起着重要的作用。对于约当三系, 可以通过约当三系给出一类对称流形的代数描述, 并且, 约当三系可以提供几种构造李代数的方法。对于约当三系的研究, 前人已经得到了很多结果。例如, 在[2]中作者利用 TKK 李代数的上同调研究了约当三系的上同调理论; 在[3]中作者研究了约当三系的表示, 证明了有限维约当三系的通用包络是有限维的, 若约当三系是它自身的根基, 则约当三系的通用包络是幂零的; 在[4]中作者研究了特征不为 2 的域上中心非退化约当三系的非零中心及其等价形式。

相对 Rota-Baxter 算子是 Rota-Baxter 算子在结合代数上的相对推广, 与 O-算子有关, 起源于经典 Yang-Baxter 方程的算子形式。在代数上, 可以利用相对 Rota-Baxter 研究上同调理论, 如, 在[5]中作者研究了李代数上权为 1 的相对 Rota-Baxter 算子, 构造了它们的上同调理论, 并利用第二个上同调群来研究相对 Rota-Baxter 算子和 r-矩阵的无穷小变形。在[6]中作者给出了在李三系上的相对 Rota-Baxter 算子以及上同调理论, 并利用第一个上同调群对无穷小变形进行了分类。

2. 预备知识

定义 1.1 [7] 设 J 为线性空间, J 上有双线性的代数运算 “ \cdot ”: $J \times J \rightarrow J$, 如果满足下列条件

$$x \cdot y = y \cdot x,$$

$$((x \cdot x) \cdot y) \cdot x = (x \cdot x) \cdot (y \cdot x),$$

$\forall x, y \in J$, 则称 (J, \cdot) 为约当代数。

定义 1.2 [8] 设 J 为线性空间, $\{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}: J \times J \times J \rightarrow J$ 是三线性映射, 如果满足下列条件

$$\{x, y, z\} = \{z, y, x\} \quad (1.1)$$

$$\{x, y, \{z, u, v\}\} - \{z, u, \{x, y, v\}\} - \{\{x, y, z\}, u, v\} + \{z, \{y, x, u\}, v\} = 0 \quad (1.2)$$

$\forall x, y, z, u, v \in J$, 则称 $(J, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\})$ 为约当三系。

例 1.1 [8] 设 (J, \cdot) 为约当代数, 在 J 上定义代数运算

$$\{x, y, z\} = (x \cdot y) \cdot z + (z \cdot y) \cdot x - (x \cdot z) \cdot y,$$

$\forall x, y, z \in J$, 则 $(J, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\})$ 为约当三系。

定义 1.3 [9] 设 $(J, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\})$ 是约当三系, H 为 J 的子空间, 如果 H 满足 $\{H, H, H\} \subseteq H$, 则称 H 是 J 的子系。

3. 相对 Rota-Baxter 算子

定义 2.1 设 $(J, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\})$ 是约当三系, V 是线性空间, $\theta_{12}, \theta_{13} : J \times J \rightarrow \text{End}(V)$ 是双线性映射, 若 θ_{12}, θ_{13} 满足

$$\theta_{13}(a, b) = \theta_{13}(b, a), \tag{2.1}$$

$$\theta_{12}(x, y)\theta_{12}(a, b) - \theta_{12}(a, b)\theta_{12}(x, y) - \theta_{12}(\{x, y, a\}, b) + \theta_{12}(a, \{y, x, b\}) = 0, \tag{2.2}$$

$$\theta_{12}(x, y)\theta_{13}(a, b) + \theta_{13}(a, b)\theta_{12}(y, x) - \theta_{13}(a, \{x, y, b\}_1) - \theta_{13}(\{x, y, a\}_1, b) = 0, \tag{2.3}$$

$$\theta_{12}(\{x, a, b\}, y) - \theta_{12}(x, a)\theta_{12}(b, y) - \theta_{12}(b, a)\theta_{12}(x, y) + \theta_{13}(x, b)\theta_{13}(a, y) = 0, \tag{2.4}$$

$$\theta_{13}(\{x, a, b\}, y) - \theta_{12}(x, a)\theta_{13}(b, y) - \theta_{12}(b, a)\theta_{13}(x, y) + \theta_{13}(x, b)\theta_{12}(a, y) = 0, \tag{2.5}$$

$\forall a, b, x, y \in J$, 则 $(\theta_{12}, \theta_{13}, V)$ 称为 J 的表示。

例 2.1 设 $(J, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\})$ 是约当三系, 定义双线性映射 $\sigma_{12}, \sigma_{13} : J \times J \rightarrow \text{End}(J)$, 其中 $\sigma_{12}(x, y)z = \{x, y, z\}$, $\sigma_{13}(x, y)z = \{x, z, y\}$ ($\forall x, y, z \in J$), 则 $(\sigma_{12}, \sigma_{13}, J)$ 是 J 的表示, 称为伴随表示。

证: 直接验证可知 $(\sigma_{12}, \sigma_{13}, J)$ 满足(2.1)-(2.5)式, 故 $(\sigma_{12}, \sigma_{13}, J)$ 是 J 的表示。

定义 2.2 设 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1), (J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 是约当三系, $(\theta_{12}, \theta_{13}, J_2)$ 是 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 的表示。若 $\forall x_1, y_1 \in J_1, x_2, y_2, z_2 \in J_2$, 有

$$\theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)z_2 \in C(J_2),$$

$$\theta_{13}(x_1, y_1)z_2 \in C(J_2),$$

$$\theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)\{x_2, y_2, z_2\}_2 = 0,$$

$$\theta_{13}(x_1, y_1)\{x_2, y_2, z_2\}_2 = 0,$$

则称 θ_{12}, θ_{13} 为 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 在 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 上的一个作用。这里

$$C(J_2) = \{u \in J_2 \mid \{u, v, w\}_2 = 0, \{v, u, w\}_2 = 0, \forall v, w \in J_2\}.$$

设 $(J, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\})$ 是约当三系, 定义 $J^1 = \{J, J, J\}$ 。

例 2.2 $(J, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\})$ 是约当三系, 如果 J 满足 $J^1 \subseteq C(J)$, 则伴随表示 $(\sigma_{12}, \sigma_{13}, J)$ 是 J 在自身上的一个作用。

证: 由例 2.1 可知, 伴随表示 $(\sigma_{12}, \sigma_{13}, J)$ 是 J 的表示。因为 $J^1 \subseteq C(J)$, 所以 $\forall x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5 \in J$,

$$\sigma_{12}(x_1, x_2)x_3 = \{x_1, x_2, x_3\} \in C(J),$$

$$\sigma_{13}(x_1, x_2)x_3 = \{x_1, x_3, x_2\} \in C(J),$$

$$\sigma_{12}(x_1, x_2)\{x_3, x_4, x_5\} = \{x_1, x_2, \{x_3, x_4, x_5\}\} = 0,$$

$$\sigma_{13}(x_1, x_2)\{x_3, x_4, x_5\} = \{x_1, \{x_3, x_4, x_5\}, x_2\} = 0,$$

因此, σ_{12}, σ_{13} 是 J 在自身上的一个作用。

定义 2.3 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1), (J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 是约当三系, θ_{12}, θ_{13} 是 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 在 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 上的作用, $T : J_2 \rightarrow J_1$ 是线性映射, 如果 T 满足

$$\{Tu, Tv, Tw\}_1 = T(\theta_{12}(Tw, Tv)u + \theta_{13}(Tu, Tw)v + \theta_{12}(Tu, Tv)w + \lambda\{u, v, w\}_2), \tag{2.6}$$

$\forall u, v, w \in J_2$, 则 T 称为关于作用 θ_{12}, θ_{13} 的从 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 到 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 的权为 λ 的相对 Rota-Baxter 算子。

命题 2.1 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1), (J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 是约当三系, θ_{12}, θ_{13} 是 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 在 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 上的作用. 在 $J_1 \oplus J_2$ 上定义运算 $\{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_\theta$, 其中

$$\{x+u, y+v, z+w\}_\theta = \{x, y, z\}_1 + \theta_{12}(z, y)u + \theta_{13}(x, z)v + \theta_{12}(x, y)w + \lambda\{u, v, w\}_2,$$

$\forall x, y, z \in J_1, u, v, w \in J_2$, 则 $(J_1 \oplus J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_\theta)$ 是约当三系, 称为 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 和 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 的半直积.

证: 显然, 在 $J_1 \oplus J_2$ 上定义的运算对三个变量都是线性的, 因此若要证 $(J_1 \oplus J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_\theta)$ 是约当三系, 只需在 $J_1 \oplus J_2$ 上验证(1.1)-(1.2)式成立. $\forall x_1, y_1, z_1, a_1, b_1 \in J_1, x_2, y_2, z_2, a_2, b_2 \in J_2$, 直接计算(1.1)式左式得

$$\begin{aligned} & \{x_1 + x_2, y_1 + y_2, z_1 + z_2\}_\theta - \{z_1 + z_2, y_1 + y_2, x_1 + x_2\}_\theta \\ &= \{x_1, y_1, z_1\}_1 + \theta_{13}(x_1, z_1)y_2 + \theta_{12}(z_1, y_1)x_2 + \theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)z_2 + \lambda\{x_2, y_2, z_2\}_2, \\ & \quad - \{z_1, y_1, x_1\}_1 - \theta_{13}(z_1, x_1)y_2 - \theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)z_2 - \theta_{12}(z_1, y_1)x_2 - \lambda\{z_2, y_2, x_2\}_2 \end{aligned}$$

由于 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1), (J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 是约当三系且 θ_{13} 是对称的, 故在 $J_1 \oplus J_2$ 上(1.1)式成立.

$$\begin{aligned} & \{x_1 + x_2, y_1 + y_2, \{z_1 + z_2, a_1 + a_2, b_1 + b_2\}_\theta\}_\theta - \{z_1 + z_2, a_1 + a_2, \{x_1 + x_2, y_1 + y_2, b_1 + b_2\}_\theta\}_\theta \\ & - \{\{x_1 + x_2, y_1 + y_2, z_1 + z_2\}_\theta, a_1 + a_2, b_1 + b_2\}_\theta + \{z_1 + z_2, \{y_1 + y_2, x_1 + x_2, a_1 + a_2\}_\theta, b_1 + b_2\}_\theta \\ &= \{x_1 + x_2, y_1 + y_2, \{z_1, a_1, b_1\}_1 + \theta_{13}(z_1, b_1)a_2 + \theta_{12}(b_1, a_1)z_2 + \theta_{12}(z_1, a_1)b_2 + \lambda\{z_2, a_2, b_2\}_2\}_\theta \\ & \quad - \{z_1 + z_2, a_1 + a_2, \{x_1, y_1, b_1\}_1 + \theta_{13}(x_1, b_1)y_2 + \theta_{12}(b_1, y_1)x_2 + \theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)b_2 + \lambda\{x_2, y_2, b_2\}_2\}_\theta \\ & \quad - \{\{x_1, y_1, z_1\}_1 + \theta_{13}(x_1, z_1)y_2 + \theta_{12}(z_1, y_1)x_2 + \theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)z_2 + \lambda\{x_2, y_2, z_2\}_2, a_1 + a_2, b_1 + b_2\}_\theta \\ & \quad + \{z_1 + z_2, \{y_1, x_1, a_1\}_1 + \theta_{13}(y_1, a_1)x_2 + \theta_{12}(a_1, x_1)y_2 + \theta_{12}(y_1, x_1)a_2 + \lambda\{y_2, x_2, a_2\}_2, b_1 + b_2\}_\theta \\ &= \{x_1, y_1, \{z_1, a_1, b_1\}_1\}_1 + \theta_{13}(x_1, \{z_1, a_1, b_1\}_1)y_2 + \theta_{12}(\{z_1, a_1, b_1\}_1, y_1)x_2 + \theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)\theta_{13}(z_1, b_1)a_2 \\ & \quad + \lambda\{x_2, y_2, \theta_{13}(z_1, b_1)a_2\}_2 + \theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)\theta_{12}(b_1, a_1)z_2 + \lambda\{x_2, y_2, \theta_{12}(b_1, a_1)z_2\}_2 \\ & \quad + \theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)\theta_{12}(z_1, a_1)b_2 + \lambda\{x_2, y_2, \theta_{12}(z_1, a_1)b_2\}_2 + \lambda\theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)\{z_2, a_2, b_2\}_2 \\ & \quad + \lambda\{x_2, y_2, \lambda\{z_2, a_2, b_2\}_2\}_2 - \{z_1, a_1, \{x_1, y_1, b_1\}_1\}_1 - \theta_{13}(z_1, \{x_1, y_1, b_1\}_1)a_2 \\ & \quad - \theta_{12}(\{x_1, y_1, b_1\}_1, a_1)z_2 - \theta_{12}(z_1, a_1)\theta_{13}(x_1, b_1)y_2 - \lambda\{z_2, a_2, \theta_{13}(x_1, b_1)y_2\}_2 \\ & \quad - \theta_{12}(z_1, a_1)\theta_{12}(b_1, y_1)x_2 - \lambda\{z_2, a_2, \theta_{12}(b_1, y_1)x_2\}_2 - \theta_{12}(z_1, a_1)\theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)b_2 \\ & \quad - \lambda\{z_2, a_2, \theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)b_2\}_2 - \lambda\theta_{12}(z_1, a_1)\{x_2, y_2, b_2\}_2 - \lambda\{z_2, a_2, \lambda\{x_2, y_2, b_2\}_2\}_2 \\ & \quad - \{\{x_1, y_1, z_1\}_1, a_1, b_1\}_1 - \theta_{13}(\{x_1, y_1, z_1\}_1, b_1)a_2 - \theta_{12}(\{x_1, y_1, z_1\}_1, a_1)b_2 \\ & \quad - \theta_{12}(b_1, a_1)\theta_{13}(x_1, z_1)y_2 - \lambda\{\theta_{13}(x_1, z_1)y_2, a_2, b_2\}_2 - \theta_{12}(b_1, a_1)\theta_{12}(z_1, y_1)x_2 \\ & \quad - \lambda\{\theta_{12}(z_1, y_1)x_2, a_2, b_2\}_2 - \theta_{12}(b_1, a_1)\theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)z_2 - \lambda\{\theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)z_2, a_2, b_2\}_2 \\ & \quad - \lambda\theta_{12}(b_1, a_1)\{x_2, y_2, z_2\}_2 - \lambda\{\lambda\{x_2, y_2, z_2\}_2, a_2, b_2\}_2 + \{z_1, \{y_1, x_1, a_1\}_1, b_1\}_1 \\ & \quad + \theta_{12}(b_1, \{y_1, x_1, a_1\}_1)z_2 + \theta_{12}(z_1, \{y_1, x_1, a_1\}_1)b_2 + \theta_{13}(z_1, b_1)\theta_{13}(y_1, a_1)x_2 \\ & \quad + \lambda\{z_2, \theta_{13}(y_1, a_1)x_2, b_2\}_2 + \theta_{13}(z_1, b_1)\theta_{12}(a_1, x_1)y_2 + \lambda\{z_2, \theta_{12}(a_1, x_1), b_2\}_2 \\ & \quad + \theta_{13}(z_1, b_1)\theta_{12}(y_1, x_1)a_2 + \lambda\{z_2, \theta_{12}(y_1, x_1)a_2, b_2\}_2 + \lambda\theta_{13}(z_1, b_1)\{y_2, x_2, a_2\}_2 + \lambda\{z_2, \lambda\{y_2, x_2, a_2\}_2, b_2\}_2 \\ &= (\{x_1, y_1, \{z_1, a_1, b_1\}_1\}_1 - \{z_1, a_1, \{x_1, y_1, b_1\}_1\}_1 - \{\{x_1, y_1, z_1\}_1, a_1, b_1\}_1 + \{z_1, \{y_1, x_1, a_1\}_1, b_1\}_1) \\ & \quad + \lambda^2(\{x_2, y_2, \{z_2, a_2, b_2\}_2\}_2 - \{z_2, a_2, \{x_2, y_2, b_2\}_2\}_2 - \{\{x_2, y_2, z_2\}_2, a_2, b_2\}_2 \\ & \quad + \{z_2, \{y_2, x_2, a_2\}_2, b_2\}_2) + A_1x_2 + A_2y_2 + A_3z_2 + A_4a_2 + A_5b_2 + \lambda A_6 \end{aligned}$$

其中,

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_1 &= \theta_{12}(\{z_1, a_1, b_1\}_1, y_1) - \theta_{12}(z_1, a_1)\theta_{12}(b_1, y_1) - \theta_{12}(b_1, a_1)\theta_{12}(z_1, y_1) + \theta_{13}(z_1, b_1)\theta_{13}(y_1, a_1), \\
 A_2 &= \theta_{13}(x_1, \{z_1, a_1, b_1\}_1) - \theta_{12}(z_1, a_1)\theta_{13}(x_1, b_1) - \theta_{12}(b_1, a_1)\theta_{13}(x_1, z_1) + \theta_{13}(z_1, b_1)\theta_{12}(a_1, x_1), \\
 A_3 &= \theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)\theta_{12}(b_1, a_1) - \theta_{12}(\{x_1, y_1, b_1\}_1, a_1) - \theta_{12}(b_1, a_1)\theta_{12}(x_1, y_1) + \theta_{12}(b_1, \{y_1, x_1, a_1\}_1), \\
 A_4 &= \theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)\theta_{13}(z_1, b_1) - \theta_{13}(z_1, \{x_1, y_1, b_1\}_1) - \theta_{13}(\{x_1, y_1, z_1\}_1, b_1) + \theta_{13}(z_1, b_1)\theta_{12}(y_1, x_1), \\
 A_5 &= \theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)\theta_{12}(z_1, a_1) - \theta_{12}(z_1, a_1)\theta_{12}(x_1, y_1) - \theta_{12}(\{x_1, y_1, z_1\}_1, a_1) + \theta_{12}(z_1, \{y_1, x_1, a_1\}_1), \\
 A_6 &= \{x_2, y_2, \theta_{13}(z_1, b_1)a_2\}_2 + \{x_2, y_2, \theta_{12}(b_1, a_1)z_2\}_2 + \{x_2, y_2, \theta_{12}(z_1, a_1)b_2\}_2 + \theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)\{z_2, a_2, b_2\}_2 \\
 &\quad - \{z_2, a_2, \theta_{13}(x_1, b_1)y_2\}_2 - \{z_2, a_2, \theta_{12}(b_1, y_1)x_2\}_2 - \{z_2, a_2, \theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)b_2\}_2 - \theta_{12}(z_1, a_1)\{x_2, y_2, b_2\}_2 \\
 &\quad - \{\theta_{13}(x_1, z_1)y_2, a_2, b_2\}_2 - \{\theta_{12}(z_1, y_1)x_2, a_2, b_2\}_2 - \{\theta_{12}(x_1, y_1)z_2, a_2, b_2\}_2 - \theta_{12}(b_1, a_1)\{x_2, y_2, z_2\}_2 \\
 &\quad + \{z_2, \theta_{13}(y_1, a_1)x_2, b_2\}_2 + \{z_2, \theta_{12}(a_1, x_1)y_2, b_2\}_2 + \{z_2, \theta_{12}(y_1, x_1)a_2, b_2\}_2 + \theta_{13}(z_1, b_1)\{y_2, x_2, a_2\}_2
 \end{aligned}$$

由 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1), (J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 是约当三系知(1.2)式成立, 由(2.4)式成立知 A_1 为零, 由(2.5)式成立知 A_2 为零, 由(2.2)式成立知 A_3 为零, 由(2.3)式成立知 A_4 为零, 由(2.2)式成立知 A_5 为零. 由于 θ_{12}, θ_{13} 是 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 在 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 上的作用, 故有 $\{x_2, y_2, \theta_{13}(z_1, b_1)a_2\}_2 = 0, \theta_{12}(y_1, x_1)\{z_2, a_2, b_2\}_2 = 0$, 类似可知 A_6 为零. 所以在 $J_1 \oplus J_2$ 上(1.2)式成立. 综上, $(J_1 \oplus J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_\theta)$ 是一个约当三系.

定理 2.1 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1), (J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 是约当三系, θ_{12}, θ_{13} 是 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 在 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 上的作用, 则线性映射 $T: J_2 \rightarrow J_1$ 是关于作用 θ_{12}, θ_{13} 的权为 λ 的相对 Rota-Baxter 算子当且仅当图 $Gr(T) = \{Tu + u \mid u \in J_2\}$ 是 $(J_1 \oplus J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_\theta)$ 的子系.

证明: 由于 $T: J_2 \rightarrow J_1$ 是线性映射, $\forall u, v, w \in J_2$, 由命题 2.1 有

$$\{Tu + u, Tv + v, Tw + w\}_\theta = \{Tu, Tv, Tw\}_1 + \theta_{13}(Tu, Tw)v + \theta_{12}(Tw, Tv)u + \theta_{12}(Tu, Tv)w + \lambda\{u, v, w\}_2,$$

这表明, 图 $Gr(T)$ 是 $(J_1 \oplus J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_\theta)$ 的子系当且仅当 T 满足(2.6)式, 所以结论成立.

4. 相对 Rota-Baxter 算子的应用

命题 4.1 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1), (J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 是约当三系, 线性映射 $T: J_2 \rightarrow J_1$ 是关于作用 θ_{12}, θ_{13} 的权为 λ 的相对 Rota-Baxter 算子, 在 J_2 上定义新运算 $\{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_T$, 其中

$$\{u, v, w\}_T = \theta_{12}(Tw, Tv)u + \theta_{13}(Tu, Tw)v + \theta_{12}(Tu, Tv)w + \lambda\{u, v, w\}_2,$$

$\forall u, v, w \in J_2$, 则 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_T)$ 也是约当三系, 并且 T 是从约当三系 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_T)$ 到约当三系 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 的同态.

证明: 显然, 在 J_2 上定义的新代数运算 $\{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_T$ 对三个变量都是线性的, 若要证明 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_T)$ 是一个约当三系, 只需在 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_T)$ 上验证(1.1)~(1.2)式成立. $\forall u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4, u_5 \in J_2$,

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_T - \{u_3, u_2, u_1\}_T \\
 &= \theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2)u_1 + \theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3)u_2 + \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_3 + \lambda\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2 \\
 &\quad - \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_3 - \theta_{13}(Tu_3, Tu_1)u_2 - \theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2)u_1 - \lambda\{u_3, u_2, u_1\}_2
 \end{aligned}$$

由于 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 是约当三系且 θ_{13} 是对称的, 所以在 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_T)$ 上(1.1)式成立.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \{u_1, u_2, \{u_3, u_4, u_5\}_T\}_T - \{u_3, u_4, \{u_1, u_2, u_5\}_T\}_T - \{\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_T, u_4, u_5\}_T + \{u_3, \{u_2, u_1, u_4\}_T, u_5\}_T \\
 &= \{u_1, u_2, \theta_{12}(Tu_5, Tu_4)u_3 + \theta_{13}(Tu_3, Tu_5)u_4 + \theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_4)u_5 + \lambda\{u_3, u_4, u_5\}_2\}_T \\
 &\quad - \{u_3, u_4, \theta_{12}(Tu_5, Tu_2)u_1 + \theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_5)u_2 + \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_3 + \lambda\{u_1, u_2, u_5\}_2\}_T \\
 &\quad - \{\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2)u_1 + \theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3)u_2 + \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_3 + \lambda\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2, u_4, u_5\}_T \\
 &\quad + \{u_3, \theta_{12}(Tu_4, Tu_1)u_2 + \theta_{13}(Tu_2, Tu_4)u_1 + \theta_{12}(Tu_2, Tu_1)u_4 + \lambda\{u_2, u_1, u_4\}_2, u_5\}_T \\
 &= \theta_{12}(T(\theta_{12}(Tu_5, Tu_4)u_3), Tu_2)u_1 + \theta_{13}(Tu_1, T(\theta_{12}(Tu_5, Tu_4)u_3))u_2 + \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)\theta_{12}(Tu_5, Tu_4)u_3 \\
 &\quad + \lambda\{u_1, u_2, \theta_{12}(Tu_5, Tu_4)u_3\}_2 + \theta_{12}(T(\theta_{13}(Tu_3, Tu_5)u_4), Tu_2)u_1 + \theta_{13}(Tu_1, T(\theta_{13}(Tu_3, Tu_5)u_4))u_2 \\
 &\quad + \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)\theta_{13}(Tu_3, Tu_5)u_4 + \lambda\{u_1, u_2, \theta_{13}(Tu_3, Tu_5)u_4\}_2 + \theta_{12}(T(\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_4)u_5), Tu_2)u_1 \\
 &\quad + \theta_{13}(Tu_1, T(\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_4)u_5))u_2 + \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_4)u_5 + \lambda\{u_1, u_2, \theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_4)u_5\}_2 \\
 &\quad + \theta_{12}(T(\lambda\{u_3, u_4, u_5\}_2), Tu_2)u_1 + \theta_{13}(Tu_1, T(\lambda\{u_3, u_4, u_5\}_2))u_2 + \lambda\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)\{u_3, u_4, u_5\}_2 \\
 &\quad + \lambda\{u_1, u_2, \lambda\{u_3, u_4, u_5\}_2\}_2 - \theta_{12}(T(\theta_{12}(Tu_5, Tu_2)u_1), Tu_4)u_3 - \theta_{13}(Tu_3, T(\theta_{12}(Tu_5, Tu_2)u_1))u_4 \\
 &\quad - \theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_4)\theta_{12}(Tu_5, Tu_2)u_1 - \lambda\{u_3, u_4, \theta_{12}(Tu_5, Tu_2)u_1\}_2 - \theta_{12}(T(\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_5)u_2), Tu_4)u_3 \\
 &\quad - \theta_{13}(Tu_3, T(\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_5)u_2))u_4 - \theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_4)\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_5)u_2 - \lambda\{u_3, u_4, \theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_5)u_2\}_2 \\
 &\quad - \theta_{12}(T(\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_5), Tu_4)u_3 - \theta_{13}(Tu_3, T(\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_5))u_4 - \theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_4)\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_5 \\
 &\quad - \lambda\{u_3, u_4, \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_5\}_2 - \theta_{12}(T(\lambda\{u_1, u_2, u_5\}_2), Tu_4)u_3 - \theta_{13}(Tu_3, T(\lambda\{u_1, u_2, u_5\}_2))u_4 \\
 &\quad - \lambda\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_4)\{u_1, u_2, u_5\}_2 - \lambda\{u_3, u_4, \lambda\{u_1, u_2, u_5\}_2\}_2 - \theta_{12}(Tu_5, Tu_4)\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2)u_1 \\
 &\quad - \theta_{13}(T(\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2)u_1), Tu_5)u_4 - \theta_{12}(T(\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2)u_1), Tu_4)u_5 - \lambda\{\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2)u_1, u_4, u_5\}_2 \\
 &\quad - \theta_{12}(Tu_5, Tu_4)\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3)u_2 - \theta_{13}(T(\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3)u_2), Tu_5)u_4 - \theta_{12}(T(\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3)u_2), Tu_4)u_5 \\
 &\quad - \lambda\{\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3)u_2, u_4, u_5\}_2 - \theta_{12}(Tu_5, Tu_4)\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_3 - \theta_{13}(T(\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_3), Tu_5)u_4 \\
 &\quad - \theta_{12}(T(\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_3), Tu_4)u_5 - \lambda\{\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_3, u_4, u_5\}_2 - \lambda\theta_{12}(Tu_5, Tu_4)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2 \\
 &\quad - \theta_{13}(T(\lambda\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2), Tu_5)u_4 - \theta_{12}(T(\lambda\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2), Tu_4)u_5 - \lambda\{\lambda\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2, u_4, u_5\}_2 \\
 &\quad + \theta_{12}(Tu_5, T(\theta_{12}(Tu_4, Tu_1)u_2))u_3 + \theta_{13}(Tu_3, Tu_5)\theta_{12}(Tu_4, Tu_1)u_2 + \theta_{12}(Tu_3, T(\theta_{12}(Tu_4, Tu_1)u_2))u_5 \\
 &\quad + \lambda\{u_3, \theta_{12}(Tu_4, Tu_1)u_2, u_5\}_2 + \theta_{12}(Tu_5, T(\theta_{13}(Tu_2, Tu_4)u_1))u_3 + \theta_{13}(Tu_3, Tu_5)\theta_{13}(Tu_2, Tu_4)u_1 \\
 &\quad + \theta_{12}(Tu_3, T(\theta_{13}(Tu_2, Tu_4)u_1))u_5 + \lambda\{u_3, \theta_{13}(Tu_2, Tu_4)u_1, u_5\}_2 + \theta_{12}(Tu_5, T(\theta_{12}(Tu_2, Tu_1)u_4))u_3 \\
 &\quad + \theta_{13}(Tu_3, Tu_5)\theta_{12}(Tu_2, Tu_1)u_4 + \theta_{12}(Tu_3, T(\theta_{12}(Tu_2, Tu_1)u_4))u_5 + \lambda\{u_3, \theta_{12}(Tu_2, Tu_1)u_4, u_5\}_2 \\
 &\quad + \theta_{12}(Tu_5, T(\lambda\{u_2, u_1, u_4\}_2))u_3 + \lambda\theta_{13}(Tu_3, Tu_5)\{u_2, u_1, u_4\}_2 + \theta_{12}(Tu_3, T(\lambda\{u_2, u_1, u_4\}_2))u_5 \\
 &\quad + \lambda\{u_3, \lambda\{u_2, u_1, u_4\}_2, u_5\}_2 \\
 &= \lambda^2(\{u_1, u_2, \{u_3, u_4, u_5\}_2\}_2 - \{u_3, u_4, \{u_1, u_2, u_5\}_2\}_2 - \{\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2, u_4, u_5\}_2 + \{u_3, \{u_2, u_1, u_4\}_2, u_5\}_2) \\
 &\quad + B_1u_1 + B_2u_2 + B_3u_3 + B_4u_4 + B_5u_5 + \lambda B_6
 \end{aligned}$$

其中,

$$B_1 = \theta_{12} \left(T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_5, Tu_4) u_3 \right), Tu_2 \right) + \theta_{12} \left(T \left(\theta_{13} (Tu_3, Tu_5) u_4 \right), Tu_2 \right) + \theta_{12} \left(T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_3, Tu_4) u_5 \right), Tu_2 \right) \\ + \theta_{12} \left(T \left(\lambda \{u_3, u_4, u_5\}_2 \right), Tu_2 \right) - \theta_{12} (Tu_3, Tu_4) \theta_{12} (Tu_5, Tu_2) - \theta_{12} (Tu_5, Tu_4) \theta_{12} (Tu_3, Tu_2) \\ + \theta_{13} (Tu_3, Tu_5) \theta_{13} (Tu_2, Tu_4)$$

$$B_2 = \theta_{13} \left(Tu_1, T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_5, Tu_4) u_3 \right) \right) + \theta_{13} \left(Tu_1, T \left(\theta_{13} (Tu_3, Tu_5) u_4 \right) \right) + \theta_{13} \left(Tu_1, T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_3, Tu_4) u_5 \right) \right) \\ + \theta_{13} \left(Tu_1, T \left(\lambda \{u_3, u_4, u_5\}_2 \right) \right) - \theta_{12} (Tu_3, Tu_4) \theta_{13} (Tu_1, Tu_5) - \theta_{12} (Tu_5, Tu_4) \theta_{13} (Tu_1, Tu_3) \\ + \theta_{13} (Tu_3, Tu_5) \theta_{12} (Tu_4, Tu_1)$$

$$B_3 = \theta_{12} (Tu_1, Tu_2) \theta_{12} (Tu_5, Tu_4) - \theta_{12} \left(T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_5, Tu_2) u_1 \right), Tu_4 \right) - \theta_{12} \left(T \left(\theta_{13} (Tu_1, Tu_5) u_2 \right), Tu_4 \right) \\ - \theta_{12} \left(T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_1, Tu_2) u_5 \right), Tu_4 \right) - \theta_{12} \left(T \left(\lambda \{u_1, u_2, u_5\}_2 \right), Tu_4 \right) - \theta_{12} (Tu_5, Tu_4) \theta_{12} (Tu_1, Tu_2) \\ + \theta_{12} \left(Tu_5, T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_4, Tu_1) u_2 \right) \right) + \theta_{12} \left(Tu_5, T \left(\theta_{13} (Tu_2, Tu_4) u_1 \right) \right) + \theta_{12} \left(Tu_5, T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_2, Tu_1) u_4 \right) \right) \\ + \theta_{12} \left(Tu_5, T \left(\lambda \{u_2, u_1, u_4\}_2 \right) \right)$$

$$B_4 = \theta_{12} (Tu_1, Tu_2) \theta_{13} (Tu_3, Tu_5) - \theta_{13} \left(Tu_3, T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_5, Tu_2) u_1 \right) \right) - \theta_{13} \left(Tu_3, T \left(\theta_{13} (Tu_1, Tu_5) u_2 \right) \right) \\ - \theta_{13} \left(Tu_3, T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_1, Tu_2) u_5 \right) \right) - \theta_{13} \left(Tu_3, T \left(\lambda \{u_1, u_2, u_5\}_2 \right) \right) - \theta_{13} \left(T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_3, Tu_2) u_1 \right), Tu_5 \right) \\ - \theta_{13} \left(T \left(\theta_{13} (Tu_1, Tu_3) u_2 \right), Tu_5 \right) - \theta_{13} \left(T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_1, Tu_2) u_3 \right), Tu_5 \right) - \theta_{13} \left(T \left(\lambda \{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2 \right), Tu_5 \right) \\ + \theta_{13} (Tu_3, Tu_5) \theta_{12} (Tu_2, Tu_1)$$

$$B_5 = \theta_{12} (Tu_1, Tu_2) \theta_{12} (Tu_3, Tu_4) - \theta_{12} (Tu_3, Tu_4) \theta_{12} (Tu_1, Tu_2) - \theta_{12} \left(T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_3, Tu_2) u_1 \right), Tu_4 \right) \\ - \theta_{12} \left(T \left(\theta_{13} (Tu_1, Tu_3) u_2 \right), Tu_4 \right) - \theta_{12} \left(T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_1, Tu_2) u_3 \right), Tu_4 \right) - \theta_{12} \left(T \left(\lambda \{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2 \right), Tu_4 \right) \\ + \theta_{12} \left(Tu_3, T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_4, Tu_1) u_2 \right) \right) + \theta_{12} \left(Tu_3, T \left(\theta_{13} (Tu_2, Tu_4) u_1 \right) \right) + \theta_{12} \left(Tu_3, T \left(\theta_{12} (Tu_2, Tu_1) u_4 \right) \right) \\ + \theta_{12} \left(Tu_3, T \left(\lambda \{u_2, u_1, u_4\}_2 \right) \right)$$

$$B_6 = \{u_1, u_2, \theta_{12} (Tu_5, Tu_4) u_3\}_2 + \{u_1, u_2, \theta_{13} (Tu_3, Tu_5) u_4\}_2 + \{u_1, u_2, \theta_{12} (Tu_3, Tu_4) u_5\}_2 \\ + \theta_{12} (Tu_1, Tu_2) \{u_3, u_4, u_5\}_2 - \{u_3, u_4, \theta_{12} (Tu_5, Tu_2) u_1\}_2 - \{u_3, u_4, \theta_{13} (Tu_1, Tu_5) u_2\}_2 \\ - \{u_3, u_4, \theta_{12} (Tu_1, Tu_2) u_5\}_2 - \theta_{12} (Tu_3, Tu_4) \{u_1, u_2, u_5\}_2 - \{ \theta_{12} (Tu_3, Tu_2) u_1, u_4, u_5 \}_2 \\ - \{ \theta_{13} (Tu_1, Tu_3) u_2, u_4, u_5 \}_2 - \{ \theta_{12} (Tu_1, Tu_2) u_3, u_4, u_5 \}_2 - \theta_{12} (Tu_5, Tu_4) \{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2 \\ + \{u_3, \theta_{12} (Tu_4, Tu_1) u_2, u_5\}_2 + \{u_3, \theta_{13} (Tu_2, Tu_4) u_1, u_5\}_2 + \{u_3, \theta_{12} (Tu_2, Tu_1) u_4, u_5\}_2 \\ + \theta_{13} (Tu_3, Tu_5) \{u_2, u_1, u_4\}_2$$

由 $(J_2, \{ \cdot, \cdot, \cdot \}_2)$ 是约当三系知(1.2)式成立, 由(2.4)式成立知 B_1 为零, 由(2.5)式成立知 B_2 为零, 由(2.2)式成立知 B_3 为零, 由(2.3)式成立知 B_4 为零, 由(2.2)式成立知 B_5 为零, 由于 θ_{12}, θ_{13} 是 $(J_1, \{ \cdot, \cdot, \cdot \}_1)$ 在 $(J_2, \{ \cdot, \cdot, \cdot \}_2)$ 上的作用, 故有 $\{u_1, u_2, \theta_{12} (Tu_5, Tu_4) u_3\}_2 = 0$, $\theta_{12} (Tu_1, Tu_2) \{u_3, u_4, u_5\}_2 = 0$, 类似可知 B_6 为零. 故在 $(J_2, \{ \cdot, \cdot, \cdot \}_T)$ 上(1.2)式成立. 综上, $(J_2, \{ \cdot, \cdot, \cdot \}_T)$ 也是约当三系.

下证 T 是从 $(J_2, \{ \cdot, \cdot, \cdot \}_T)$ 到 $(J_1, \{ \cdot, \cdot, \cdot \}_1)$ 的同态. 由于线性映射 $T: J_2 \rightarrow J_1$ 是关于作用 θ_{12}, θ_{13} 的权为 λ 的相对 Rota-Baxter 算子, 所以,

$$T(\{u, v, w\}_T) = T(\theta_{12} (Tw, Tv)u + \theta_{13} (Tu, Tw)v + \theta_{12} (Tu, Tv)w + \lambda \{u, v, w\}_2) = \{Tu, Tv, Tw\}_1,$$

$\forall u, v, w \in J_2$, 因此, T 是从 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_T)$ 到 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 的代数同态。

命题 3.2 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1), (J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 是约当三系, 线性映射 $T: J_2 \rightarrow J_1$ 是关于作用 θ_{12}, θ_{13} 的权为 λ 的相对 Rota-Baxter 算子, 定义双线性映射 $L_T, M_T: J_2 \times J_2 \rightarrow \text{End}(J_1)$, 其中

$$L_T(u, v)x = \{Tu, Tv, x\}_1 - T(\theta_{13}(Tu, x)v + \theta_{12}(x, Tv)u),$$

$$M_T(u, v)x = \{Tu, x, Tv\}_1 - T(\theta_{12}(Tv, x)u + \theta_{12}(Tu, x)v),$$

$x \in J_1, u, v \in J_2$, 则 (L_T, M_T, J_1) 是 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_T)$ 的表示。

证: 显然, L_T, M_T 是线性映射, $\forall u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4 \in J_2, x \in J_1$, 计算(2.1)式左边可得

$$\begin{aligned} & (M_T(u_1, u_2) - M_T(u_2, u_1))x \\ &= \{Tu_1, x, Tu_2\}_1 - T(\theta_{12}(Tu_2, x)u_1 + \theta_{12}(Tu_1, x)u_2) - \{Tu_2, x, Tu_1\}_1 + T(\theta_{12}(Tu_1, x)u_2 + \theta_{12}(Tu_2, x)u_1), \end{aligned}$$

由于 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 是约当三系, 故(2.1)式成立。

计算(2.2)式左边可得

$$\begin{aligned} & (L_T(u_1, u_2)L_T(u_3, u_4) - L_T(u_3, u_4)L_T(u_1, u_2) - L_T(\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_T, u_4) + L_T(u_3, \{u_2, u_1, u_4\}_T))x \\ &= L_T(u_1, u_2)\{Tu_3, Tu_4, x\}_1 - L_T(u_1, u_2)T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_3 - L_T(u_1, u_2)T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)u_4 \\ & \quad - L_T(u_3, u_4)\{Tu_1, Tu_2, x\}_1 + L_T(u_3, u_4)T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_2)u_1 + L_T(u_3, u_4)T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, x)u_2 \\ & \quad - \{\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, Tu_4, x\}_1 + T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_T + T\theta_{13}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x)u_4 \\ & \quad + \{Tu_3, \{Tu_2, Tu_1, Tu_4\}_1, x\}_1 - T\theta_{12}(x, \{Tu_2, Tu_1, Tu_4\}_1)u_3 - T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)\{u_2, u_1, u_4\}_T \\ &= \{Tu_1, Tu_2, \{Tu_3, Tu_4, x\}_1\}_1 - T\theta_{12}(\{Tu_3, Tu_4, x\}_1, Tu_2)u_1 - T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, \{Tu_3, Tu_4, x\}_1)u_2 \\ & \quad - \{Tu_1, Tu_2, T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_3\}_1 + T\theta_{12}(T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_3, Tu_2)u_1 + T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_3)u_2 \\ & \quad - \{Tu_1, Tu_2, T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)u_4\}_1 + T\theta_{12}(T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)u_4, Tu_2)u_1 + T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)u_4)u_2 \\ & \quad - \{Tu_3, Tu_4, \{Tu_1, Tu_2, x\}_1\}_1 + T\theta_{12}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, x\}_1, Tu_4)u_3 + T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, \{Tu_1, Tu_2, x\}_1)u_4 \\ & \quad + \{Tu_3, Tu_4, T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_2)u_1\}_1 - T\theta_{12}(T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_2)u_1, Tu_4)u_3 - T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_2)u_1)u_4 \\ & \quad + \{Tu_3, Tu_4, T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, x)u_2\}_1 - T\theta_{12}(T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, x)u_2, Tu_4)u_3 - T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, x)u_2)u_4 \\ & \quad - \{\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, Tu_4, x\}_1 + T\theta_{13}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x)u_4 + T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2)u_1 \\ & \quad + T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_3 + T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3)u_2 + \lambda T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2 \\ & \quad + \{Tu_3, \{Tu_2, Tu_1, Tu_4\}_1, x\}_1 - T\theta_{12}(x, \{Tu_2, Tu_1, Tu_4\}_1)u_3 - T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_4, Tu_1)u_2 \\ & \quad - T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_2, Tu_1)u_4 - T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)\theta_{13}(Tu_2, Tu_4)u_1 - \lambda T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)\{u_2, u_1, u_4\}_2 \\ &= (\{Tu_1, Tu_2, \{Tu_3, Tu_4, x\}_1\}_1 - \{Tu_3, Tu_4, \{Tu_1, Tu_2, x\}_1\}_1 - \{\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, Tu_4, x\}_1 \\ & \quad + \{Tu_3, \{Tu_2, Tu_1, Tu_4\}_1, x\}_1) - T(C_{11}u_1 + C_{12}u_2 + C_{13}u_3 + C_{14}u_4 + \lambda C_{15}) \end{aligned}$$

其中,

$$C_{11} = \theta_{12}(\{Tu_3, Tu_4, x\}_1, Tu_2) - \theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_4)\theta_{12}(x, Tu_2) - \theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2) + \theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)\theta_{13}(Tu_2, Tu_4),$$

$$C_{12} = \theta_{13}(Tu_1, \{Tu_3, Tu_4, x\}_1) - \theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_4)\theta_{13}(Tu_1, x) - \theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3) + \theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_4, Tu_1),$$

$$C_{13} = \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4) - \theta_{12}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, x\}_1, Tu_4) - \theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2) + \theta_{12}(x, \{Tu_2, Tu_1, Tu_4\}_1),$$

$$C_{14} = \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)\theta_{13}(Tu_3, x) - \theta_{13}(Tu_3, \{Tu_1, Tu_2, x\}_1) - \theta_{13}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x) + \theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_2, Tu_1),$$

$$C_{15} = \{u_1, u_2, \theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_3\}_2 + \{u_1, u_2, \theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)\}_2 - \{u_3, u_4, \theta_{12}(x, Tu_2)u_1\}_2 - \{u_3, u_4, \theta_{13}(Tu_1, x)\}_2,$$

$$- \theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2 + \theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)\{u_2, u_1, u_4\}_2$$

由于 $(J_1, \{ \cdot, \cdot, \cdot \}_1)$ 是约当三系, 故(1.2)式成立, 由(2.4)式成立知 C_{11} 为零, 由(2.5)式成立知 C_{12} 为零, 由(2.2)式成立知 C_{13} 为零, 由(2.3)式成立知 C_{14} 为零, 由于 θ_{12}, θ_{13} 是 $(J_1, \{ \cdot, \cdot, \cdot \}_1)$ 在 $(J_2, \{ \cdot, \cdot, \cdot \}_2)$ 上的作用, 故有 $\{u_1, u_2, \theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_3\}_2 = 0, \theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2 = 0$, 类似可知 C_{15} 为零, 故(2.2)式成立。

计算(2.3)式左边可得

$$\begin{aligned} & (L_T(u_1, u_2)M_T(u_3, u_4) + M_T(u_3, u_4)L_T(u_2, u_1) - M_T(u_3, \{u_1, u_2, u_4\}_T) - M_T(\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_T, u_4))x \\ & = L_T(u_1, u_2)\{Tu_3, x, Tu_4\}_1 - L_T(u_1, u_2)T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_3 - L_T(u_1, u_2)T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)u_4 \\ & \quad + M_T(u_3, u_4)\{Tu_2, Tu_1, x\}_1 - M_T(u_3, u_4)T\theta_{13}(Tu_2, x)u_1 - M_T(u_3, u_4)T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_1)u_2 \\ & \quad - \{Tu_3, x, \{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_4\}_1\}_1 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)\{u_1, u_2, u_4\}_T + T\theta_{12}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_4\}_1, x)u_3 \\ & \quad - \{\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x, Tu_4\}_1 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_T + T\theta_{12}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x)u_4 \\ & = \{Tu_1, Tu_2, \{Tu_3, x, Tu_4\}_1\}_1 - T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, \{Tu_3, x, Tu_4\}_1)u_2 - T\theta_{12}(\{Tu_3, x, Tu_4\}_1, Tu_2)u_1 \\ & \quad - \{Tu_1, Tu_2, T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_3\}_1 + T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_3)u_2 + T\theta_{12}(T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_3, Tu_2)u_1 \\ & \quad - \{Tu_1, Tu_2, T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)u_4\}_1 + T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)u_4)u_2 + T\theta_{12}(T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)u_4, Tu_2)u_1 \\ & \quad + \{Tu_3, \{Tu_2, Tu_1, x\}_1, Tu_4\}_1 - T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, \{Tu_2, Tu_1, x\}_1)u_3 - T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, \{Tu_2, Tu_1, x\}_1)u_4 \\ & \quad - \{Tu_3, T\theta_{13}(Tu_2, x)u_1, Tu_4\}_1 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, T\theta_{13}(Tu_2, x)u_1)u_3 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, T\theta_{13}(Tu_2, x)u_1)u_4 \\ & \quad - \{Tu_3, T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_1)u_2, Tu_4\}_1 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_1)u_2)u_3 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_1)u_2)u_4 \\ & \quad - \{Tu_3, x, \{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_4\}_1\}_1 + T\theta_{12}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_4\}_1, x)u_3 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_4, Tu_2)u_1 \\ & \quad + T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_4 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_4)u_2 + \lambda T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)\{u_1, u_2, u_4\}_2 \\ & \quad - \{\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x, Tu_4\}_1 + T\theta_{12}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x)u_4 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2)u_1 \\ & \quad + T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_3 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3)u_2 + \lambda T \\ & = (\{Tu_1, Tu_2, \{Tu_3, x, Tu_4\}_1\}_1 - \{Tu_3, x, \{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_4\}_1\}_1 - \{\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x, Tu_4\}_1 \\ & \quad + \{Tu_3, \{Tu_2, Tu_1, x\}_1, Tu_4\}_1) - T(C_{21}u_1 + C_{22}u_2 + C_{23}u_3 + C_{24}u_4 + \lambda C_{25}) \end{aligned}$$

其中,

$$C_{21} = \theta_{12}(\{Tu_3, x, Tu_4\}_1, Tu_2) + \theta_{13}(Tu_3, Tu_4)\theta_{13}(Tu_2, x) - \theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_4, Tu_2) - \theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2),$$

$$C_{22} = \theta_{13}(Tu_1, \{Tu_3, x, Tu_4\}_1) + \theta_{13}(Tu_3, Tu_4)\theta_{12}(x, Tu_1) - \theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_4) - \theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3),$$

$$C_{23} = \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x) + \theta_{12}(Tu_4, \{Tu_2, Tu_1, x\}_1) - \theta_{12}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_4\}_1, x) - \theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2),$$

$$C_{24} = \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x) + \theta_{12}(Tu_3, \{Tu_2, Tu_1, x\}_1) - \theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2) - \theta_{12}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x),$$

$$C_{25} = \{u_1, u_2, \theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_3\}_2 + \{u_1, u_2, \theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)u_4\}_1 - \theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2,$$

$$+ \{u_3, \theta_{13}(Tu_2, x)u_1, u_4\}_1 + \{u_3, \theta_{12}(x, Tu_1)u_2, u_4\}_1 - \theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)\{u_1, u_2, u_4\}_2$$

由于 $(J_1, \{ \cdot, \cdot, \cdot \}_1)$ 是约当三系, 故(1.2)式成立, 由(2.4)式成立知 C_{21} 为零, 由(2.5)式成立知 C_{22} 为零,

由(2.2)式成立知 C_{23} 为零, 由(2.2)式成立知 C_{24} 为零, 由于 θ_{12}, θ_{13} 是 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 在 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 上的作用, 故有 $\{u_3, \theta_{13}(x, Tu_2)u_1, u_4\}_2 = 0$, $\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2 = 0$, 类似可知 C_{25} 为零, 故(2.3)式成立。

计算(2.4)式左边可得

$$\begin{aligned} & (L_T(\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_T, u_4) - L_T(u_1, u_2)L_T(u_3, u_4) - L_T(u_3, u_2)L_T(u_1, u_4) + M_T(u_1, u_3)M_T(u_2, u_4))x \\ &= \{ \{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, Tu_4, x \}_1 - T\theta_{13}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x)u_4 - T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_T \\ & \quad - L_T(u_1, u_2)\{Tu_3, Tu_4, x\}_1 + L_T(u_1, u_2)T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)u_4 + L_T(u_1, u_2)T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_3 \\ & \quad - L_T(u_3, u_2)\{Tu_1, Tu_4, x\}_1 + L_T(u_3, u_2)T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, x)u_4 + L_T(u_3, u_2)T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_1 \\ & \quad + M_T(u_1, u_3)\{Tu_2, x, Tu_4\}_1 - M_T(u_1, u_3)T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_2 - M_T(u_1, u_3)T\theta_{12}(Tu_2, x)u_4 \\ &= \{ \{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, Tu_4, x \}_1 - T\theta_{13}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x)u_4 - T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2)u_1 \\ & \quad - T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_3 - T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3)u_2 - \lambda T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2 \\ & \quad - \{Tu_1, Tu_2, \{Tu_3, Tu_4, x\}_1\}_1 + T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, \{Tu_3, Tu_4, x\}_1)u_2 + T\theta_{12}(\{Tu_3, Tu_4, x\}_1, Tu_2)u_1 \\ & \quad + \{Tu_1, Tu_2, T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)u_4\}_1 - T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)u_4)u_2 - T\theta_{12}(T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)u_4, Tu_2)u_1 \\ & \quad + \{Tu_1, Tu_2, T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_3\}_1 - T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_3)u_2 - T\theta_{12}(T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_3, Tu_2)u_1 \\ & \quad - \{Tu_3, Tu_2, \{Tu_1, Tu_4, x\}_1\}_1 + T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, \{Tu_1, Tu_4, x\}_1)u_2 + T\theta_{12}(\{Tu_1, Tu_4, x\}_1, Tu_2)u_3 \\ & \quad + \{Tu_3, Tu_2, T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, x)u_4\}_1 - T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, x)u_4)u_2 - T\theta_{12}(T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, x)u_4, Tu_2)u_3 \\ & \quad + \{Tu_3, Tu_2, T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_1\}_1 - T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_1)u_2 - T\theta_{12}(T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_1, Tu_2)u_3 \\ & \quad + \{Tu_1, \{Tu_2, x, Tu_4\}_1, Tu_3\}_1 - T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, \{Tu_2, x, Tu_4\}_1)u_1 - T\theta_{12}(Tu_1, \{Tu_2, x, Tu_4\}_1)u_3 \\ & \quad - \{Tu_1, T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_2, Tu_3\}_1 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_2)u_1 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_1, T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_2)u_3 \\ & \quad - \{Tu_1, T\theta_{12}(Tu_2, x)u_4, Tu_3\}_1 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, T\theta_{12}(Tu_2, x)u_4)u_1 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_1, T\theta_{12}(Tu_2, x)u_4)u_3 \\ &= \{ \{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, Tu_4, x \}_1 - \{Tu_1, Tu_2, \{Tu_3, Tu_4, x\}_1\}_1 - \{Tu_3, Tu_2, \{Tu_1, Tu_4, x\}_1\}_1 \\ & \quad + \{Tu_1, \{Tu_2, x, Tu_4\}_1, Tu_3\}_1 - T(C_{31}u_1 + C_{32}u_2 + C_{33}u_3 + C_{34}u_4 + \lambda C_{35}) \end{aligned}$$

其中,

$$\begin{aligned} C_{31} &= \theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2) - \theta_{12}(\{Tu_3, Tu_4, x\}_1, Tu_2) - \theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2)\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4) + \theta_{12}(Tu_3, \{Tu_2, x, Tu_4\}_1), \\ C_{32} &= \theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3) - \theta_{13}(Tu_1, \{Tu_3, Tu_4, x\}_1) - \theta_{13}(Tu_3, \{Tu_1, Tu_4, x\}_1) + \theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3)\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x), \\ C_{33} &= \theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2) - \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4) - \theta_{12}(\{Tu_1, Tu_4, x\}_1, Tu_2) + \theta_{12}(Tu_1, \{Tu_2, x, Tu_4\}_1), \\ C_{34} &= \theta_{13}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x) - \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)\theta_{13}(Tu_3, x) - \theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2)\theta_{13}(Tu_1, x) + \theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3)\theta_{12}(Tu_2, x), \\ C_{35} &= \theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2 - \{u_1, u_2, \theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)u_4\}_2 - \{u_1, u_2, \theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_3\}_2 - \{u_3, u_2, \theta_{13}(Tu_1, x)u_4\}_2, \\ & \quad - \{u_3, u_2, \theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_1\}_2 + \{u_1, \theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_2, u_3\}_2 + \{u_1, \theta_{12}(Tu_2, x)u_4, u_3\}_2 \end{aligned}$$

由于 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 是约当三系, 故(1.2)式成立, 由(2.2)式成立知 C_{31} 为零, 由(2.3)式成立知 C_{32} 为零, 由(2.2)式成立知 C_{33} 为零, 由(2.5)式成立知 C_{34} 为零, 由于 θ_{12}, θ_{13} 是 $(J_1, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 在 $(J_2, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 上的作用, 故有 $\{u_1, u_2, \theta_{13}(Tu_3, x)u_4\}_2 = 0$, $\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2 = 0$, 类似可知 C_{35} 为零, 故(2.4)式成立。

计算(2.5)式左边可得

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(M_T(\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_T, u_4) - L_T(u_1, u_2)M_T(u_3, u_4) - L_T(u_3, u_2)M_T(u_1, u_4) + M_T(u_1, u_3)L_T(u_2, u_4) \right) x \\
 &= \left\{ \{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x, Tu_4 \right\}_1 - T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_T - T\theta_{12}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x)u_4 \\
 &\quad - L_T(u_1, u_2)\{Tu_3, x, Tu_4\}_1 + L_T(u_1, u_2)T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_3 + L_T(u_1, u_2)T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)u_4 \\
 &\quad - L_T(u_3, u_2)\{Tu_1, x, Tu_4\}_1 + L_T(u_3, u_2)T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_1 + L_T(u_3, u_2)T\theta_{12}(Tu_1, x)u_4 \\
 &\quad + M_T(u_1, u_3)\{Tu_2, Tu_4, x\}_1 - M_T(u_1, u_3)T\theta_{13}(Tu_2, x)u_4 - M_T(u_1, u_3)T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_2 \\
 &= \left\{ \{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x, Tu_4 \right\}_1 - T\theta_{12}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x)u_4 - T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2)u_1 \\
 &\quad - T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)u_3 - T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3)u_2 - \lambda T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2 \\
 &\quad - \{Tu_1, Tu_2, \{Tu_3, x, Tu_4\}_1\}_1 + T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, \{Tu_3, x, Tu_4\}_1)u_2 + T\theta_{12}(\{Tu_3, x, Tu_4\}_1, Tu_2)u_1 \\
 &\quad + \{Tu_1, Tu_2, T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_3\}_1 - T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_3)u_2 - T\theta_{12}(T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_3, Tu_2)u_1 \\
 &\quad + \{Tu_1, Tu_2, T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)u_4\}_1 - T\theta_{13}(Tu_1, T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)u_4)u_2 - T\theta_{12}(T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)u_4, Tu_2)u_1 \\
 &\quad - \{Tu_3, Tu_2, \{Tu_1, x, Tu_4\}_1\}_1 + T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, \{Tu_1, x, Tu_4\}_1)u_2 + T\theta_{12}(\{Tu_1, x, Tu_4\}_1, Tu_2)u_3 \\
 &\quad + \{Tu_3, Tu_2, T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_1\}_1 - T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_1)u_2 - T\theta_{12}(T\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_1, Tu_2)u_3 \\
 &\quad + \{Tu_3, Tu_2, T\theta_{12}(Tu_1, x)u_4\}_1 - T\theta_{13}(Tu_3, T\theta_{12}(Tu_1, x)u_4)u_2 - T\theta_{12}(T\theta_{12}(Tu_1, x)u_4, Tu_2)u_3 \\
 &\quad + \{Tu_1, \{Tu_2, Tu_4, x\}_1, Tu_3\}_1 - T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, \{Tu_2, Tu_4, x\}_1)u_1 - T\theta_{12}(Tu_1, \{Tu_2, Tu_4, x\}_1)u_3 \\
 &\quad - \{Tu_1, T\theta_{13}(Tu_2, x)u_4, Tu_3\}_1 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, T\theta_{13}(Tu_2, x)u_4)u_1 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_1, T\theta_{13}(Tu_2, x)u_4)u_3 \\
 &\quad - \{Tu_1, T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_2, Tu_3\}_1 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_2u_1 + T\theta_{12}(Tu_1, T\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_2)u_3 \\
 &= \left\{ \{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x, Tu_4 \right\}_1 - \{Tu_1, Tu_2, \{Tu_3, x, Tu_4\}_1\}_1 - \{Tu_3, Tu_2, \{Tu_1, x, Tu_4\}_1\}_1 \\
 &\quad + \{Tu_1, \{Tu_2, Tu_4, x\}_1, Tu_3\}_1 - T(C_{41}u_1 + C_{42}u_2 + C_{43}u_3 + C_{44}u_4 + \lambda C_{45})
 \end{aligned}$$

其中,

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_{41} &= \theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2) - \theta_{12}(\{Tu_3, x, Tu_4\}_1, Tu_2) - \theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2)\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x) + \theta_{12}(Tu_3, \{Tu_2, Tu_4, x\}_1), \\
 C_{42} &= \theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3) - \theta_{13}(Tu_1, \{Tu_3, x, Tu_4\}_1) - \theta_{13}(Tu_3, \{Tu_1, x, Tu_4\}_1) + \theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3)\theta_{12}(x, Tu_4), \\
 C_{43} &= \theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2) - \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x) - \theta_{12}(\{Tu_1, x, Tu_4\}_1, Tu_2) + \theta_{12}(Tu_1, \{Tu_2, Tu_4, x\}_1), \\
 C_{44} &= \theta_{12}(\{Tu_1, Tu_2, Tu_3\}_1, x) - \theta_{12}(Tu_1, Tu_2)\theta_{12}(Tu_3, x) - \theta_{12}(Tu_3, Tu_2)\theta_{12}(Tu_1, x) + \theta_{13}(Tu_1, Tu_3)\theta_{13}(Tu_2, x), \\
 C_{45} &= \theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2 - \{u_1, u_2, \theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_3\}_2 - \{u_1, u_2, \theta_{12}(Tu_3, x)u_4\}_2 - \{u_3, u_2, \theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_1\}_2 \\
 &\quad - \{u_3, u_2, \theta_{12}(Tu_1, x)u_4\}_2 + \{u_1, \theta_{12}(x, Tu_4)u_2, u_3\}_2 + \{u_1, \theta_{13}(Tu_2, x)u_4, u_3\}_2
 \end{aligned}$$

由于 $(J_1, \{, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 是约当三系, 故(1.2)式成立, 由(2.2)式成立知 C_{41} 为零, 由(2.3)式成立知 C_{42} 为零, 由(2.2)式成立知 C_{43} 为零, 由(2.4)式成立知 C_{44} 为零, 由于 θ_{12}, θ_{13} 是 $(J_1, \{, \cdot, \cdot\}_1)$ 在 $(J_2, \{, \cdot, \cdot\}_2)$ 上的作用, 故有 $\theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}_2 = 0$, $\{u_1, u_2, \theta_{12}(Tu_4, x)u_3\}_2 = 0$, 类似可知 C_{45} 为零, 故(2.5)式成立。

综上, (L_T, M_T, J_1) 是 $(J_2, \{, \cdot, \cdot\}_T)$ 的表示。

5. 相对 Rota-Baxter 算子的构造

命题 5.1 $(J, \{, \cdot, \cdot\})$ 是约当三系, $(\sigma_{12}, \sigma_{13}, J)$ 是 $(J, \{, \cdot, \cdot\})$ 的伴随表示, J_0 是 J 的子系且满足 $J_0^1 = \{0\}$, $J^1 \cap J_0 = \{0\}$, $\{J_0, J_0, J\} = \{0\}$, $\{J_0, J, J_0\} = \{0\}$ 。设 H 是 J_0 的补空间, 使 $J = H \oplus J_0$, P 是 J 在 J_0 上的

自然投影, 即

$$P(x) = x_0, x \in J, x_0 \in J_0,$$

则 P 是关于作用 σ_{12}, σ_{13} 的权为 λ 的相对 Rota-Baxter 算子。

证: 由于 $(\sigma_{12}, \sigma_{13}, J)$ 是 $(J, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\})$ 的伴随表示, 故由例 2.2 知, σ_{12}, σ_{13} 是 $(J, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\})$ 在自身上的作用, $\forall x, y, z \in J$, 记 x, y, z 在投影 P 下的像为 x_0, y_0, z_0 ,

$$\begin{aligned} & \{Px, Py, Pz\} - P(\sigma_{12}(Pz, Py)x + \sigma_{13}(Px, Pz)y + \sigma_{12}(Px, Py)z + \lambda\{x, y, z\}) \\ &= \{x_0, y_0, z_0\} - P(\sigma_{12}(z_0, y_0)x + \sigma_{13}(x_0, z_0)y + \sigma_{12}(x_0, y_0)z + \lambda\{x, y, z\}) \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

所以, P 是关于作用 σ_{12}, σ_{13} 的权为 λ 的相对 Rota-Baxter 算子。

例 5.1 设 (J, \cdot) 是三维约当代数, n_1, n_2, n_3 是 J 的一组基, J 中运算为

$$n_1 \cdot n_1 = n_2, n_2 \cdot n_2 = 0, n_3 \cdot n_3 = 0, n_1 \cdot n_2 = n_2 \cdot n_1 = n_3, n_1 \cdot n_3 = n_3 \cdot n_1 = 0, n_2 \cdot n_3 = n_3 \cdot n_2 = 0.$$

由例 1.1 知, 在 J 上定义运算

$$\{x, y, z\} = (x \cdot y) \cdot z + (y \cdot z) \cdot x - (x \cdot z) \cdot y,$$

则 $(J, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\})$ 是约当三系, 且基中元素的非零代数运算为

$$\{n_1, n_1, n_1\} = n_3,$$

$(J, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\})$ 的 $C(J)$ 是由 $\{n_2, n_3\}$ 生成的子系, 则伴随表示 $(\sigma_{12}, \sigma_{13}, J)$ 是 $(J, \{\cdot, \cdot, \cdot\})$ 在自身上的一个作用。取 J_0 为由 $\{n_2\}$ 所生成的子系, 根据命题 4.1, 由

$$P(n_1) = 0, P(n_2) = n_2, P(n_3) = 0$$

所决定的投影 $P: J \rightarrow J_0$ 是关于作用 σ_{12}, σ_{13} 的权为 λ 的相对 Rota-Baxter 算子。

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