

第一章

变换核函数由指数函数, 幂函数, 三角函数组成

在第 1, 2 章将会用到下面定理和留数级数公式。

1) 高斯留数基本定理[13]: 如果函数 $f(z)$ 在扩充复平面内只有有限个奇点, 那么 $f(z)$ 在所有各奇点 (包括 ∞ 点) 的留数总和必等于零;

2) 在文[15]关于 2 重极点留数计算公式: 若 $F(z) = p(z)/q(z)$, $p(z), q(z)$ 在 $z = a$ 处解析。 $p(a) \neq 0$, 若 $F(z)$ 在 $z = a$ 处有 2 重极点, 则留数计算公式: $\text{Res}[F(z); a] = 2 \frac{p'(a)}{q''(a)} - \frac{2p(a)q'''(a)}{3[q''(a)]^2}$;

3) 在文[16]给出 3 重极点留数公式: 设 $F(z) = p(z)/q(z)$, 其中 p, q 在 a 点解析, $p(z) \neq 0$, q 在点 z 有 3 重极点, 则留数公式:

$$\text{Res}[F(z); z] = \frac{3p''(z)}{q'''(z)} - \frac{3p'(z)q^{(4)}(z)}{2[q'''(z)]^2} - \frac{3p(z)q^{(5)}(z)}{10[q'''(z)]^2} + \frac{3p(z)[q^{(4)}(z)]^2}{8[q'''(z)]^3}.$$

1. 变换核函数由指数函数, 幂函数, 三角函数组成

命题 1 无穷级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \sinh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{n(e^{n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n} = -\frac{\pi}{4} \quad (1)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{4n^3 \sinh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{n^3(e^{n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^3} = -\frac{23\pi^3}{720} \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{16n^5 \sinh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{n^5 (e^{n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^5} = -\frac{\pi^5}{288} \quad (3)$$

证明 变换核函数, $f(z) = \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1}(e^{\pi z} - 1)\sin(\pi z)}$ 有单极点 $z = \pm n$, $z = \pm 2ni$ 。

1) 函数展开成幂级数

$$\begin{aligned} f(z) &= \frac{\pi \csc(\pi z)}{z^{2k+1}(e^{\pi z} - 1)} = \frac{\pi \left[1/\pi z + (\pi z)/6 + 7(\pi z)^3/360 + \dots \right]}{z^{2k+1} \left[\pi z + (\pi z)^2/2 + (\pi z)^3/6 + \dots \right]} \\ &= \frac{\pi \left[1 + (\pi z)^2/6 + 7(\pi z)^4/360 + \dots \right]}{\pi^2 z^{2k+3} \left[1 + \pi z/2 + (\pi z)^2/6 + (\pi z)^3/24 + \dots \right]} \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi z^{2k+3}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{6}(\pi z)^2 + \frac{7}{360}(\pi z)^4 + \frac{31}{15120}(\pi z)^6 + \dots \right) \\ &\quad \cdot \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}(\pi z) + \frac{1}{12}(\pi z)^2 - \frac{1}{720}(\pi z)^4 + \frac{1}{30240}(\pi z)^6 + \dots \right); \end{aligned}$$

$f(z)$ 的留数 $\text{Res}[f; 0] = p(2k+3)$ 。其中 $p(3) = \frac{\pi}{4}$; $p(5) = \frac{23\pi^3}{720}$; $p(7) = \frac{\pi^5}{288}$;

2) 在单极点 $z = \pm 2ni$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Res}[f; 2ni] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow 2ni} \frac{(z - 2ni)\pi}{(e^{\pi z} - 1)} \frac{1}{z^{2k+1} \sin(\pi z)} = \frac{\pi}{\pi e^{2ni\pi}} \frac{1}{[2ni]^{2k+1} [\sin(\pi 2ni)]} \\ &= \frac{1}{(2n)^{2k+1} i^{2k+1} i \sinh(2n\pi)} = \frac{1}{(2n)^{2k+1} i^{2k+2} \sinh(2n\pi)} \\ &= -\frac{1}{(2n)^{2k+1} i^{2k} \sinh(2n\pi)} = \text{Res}[f; -2ni]; \end{aligned}$$

3) 在单极点 $z = \pm n$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数, 用洛必达法则可得

$$\text{Res}[f; n] = \lim_{z \rightarrow n} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1}(e^{\pi z} - 1)} \frac{[z - n]}{\sin(\pi z)} = \lim_{z \rightarrow n} \frac{\pi}{n^{2k+1}(e^{n\pi} - 1)} \frac{1}{[\pi \cos(\pi n)]} = \frac{(-1)^n}{n^{2k+1}(e^{n\pi} - 1)};$$

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Res}[f; -n] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow -n} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1}(e^{\pi z} - 1)} \frac{[z+n]}{\sin(\pi z)} = \frac{\pi}{[-n]^{2k+1}(e^{-n\pi} - 1)} \frac{1}{[\pi \cos(-\pi n)]} \\ &= \frac{(-1)^n}{-n^{2k+1}(e^{-n\pi} - 1)} = \frac{(-1)^n}{n^{2k+1}(e^{n\pi} - 1)} + \frac{(-1)^n}{n^{2k+1}}; \end{aligned}$$

根据高斯留数基本定理, 从而有

$$0 = p(2k+3) + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n)^{2k+1} i^{2k} \sinh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^{2k+1}(e^{n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^{2k+1}};$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(2n)^{2k+1} i^{2k} \sinh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{n^{2k+1}(e^{n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^{2k+1}} = -p(2k+3);$$

令 $k=0, 1, 2$ 整理得到如下级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \sinh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{n(e^{n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n} = -\frac{\pi}{4};$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{4n^3 \sinh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{n^3(e^{n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^3} = -\frac{23\pi^3}{720};$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{16n^5 \sinh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{n^5(e^{n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^5} = -\frac{\pi^5}{288}.$$

命题 2 无穷级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^2 \cosh(\pi(2n+1/2))} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^2 (e^{\pi(2n+1)} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{8} \quad (1)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^4 \cosh(\pi(2n+1/2))} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^4 (e^{\pi(2n+1)} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^4} = \frac{1}{192} \pi^4 \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^6 \cosh(\pi(2n+1/2))} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^6 (e^{\pi(2n+1)} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^6} = \frac{7\pi^6}{5120} \quad (3)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^8 \cosh(\pi(2n+1/2))} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^8 (e^{2\pi n} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^8} = \frac{47}{860160} \pi^8 \quad (4)$$

证明 变换核函数 $f(z) = \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+2} (e^{2\pi z} + 1) \cos(\pi z)}$ 有单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)i/2$, $z = \pm(2n+1)/2$ 。

1) 展开成幂级数

$$\begin{aligned} f(z) &= \frac{\pi \sec(\pi z)}{z^{2k+2} (e^{2\pi z} + 1)} = \frac{\pi [1 + (\pi z)^2/2 + 5(\pi z)^4/24 + \dots]}{z^{2k+2} [2 + (2\pi z) + (2\pi z)^2/2 + (2\pi z)^3/6 + \dots]} \\ &= \frac{\pi [1 + (\pi z)^2/2 + 5(\pi z)^4/24 + \dots]}{2z^{2k+2} [1 + \pi z + (2\pi z)^2/4 + (2\pi z)^3/12 + \dots]} \\ &= \frac{\pi}{2z^{2k+2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}(\pi z)^2 + \frac{5}{24}(\pi z)^4 + \frac{61}{720}(\pi z)^6 + \dots \right) \\ &\quad \cdot \left(1 - \pi z + \frac{1}{3}(\pi z)^3 - \frac{2}{15}(\pi z)^5 + \frac{17}{315}(\pi z)^7 + \dots \right); \end{aligned}$$

$$f(z) \text{ 的留数 } \operatorname{Res}[f; 0] = q(2k+2); \text{ 其中 } q(2) = -\frac{\pi^2}{2}; \quad q(4) = -\frac{1}{12}\pi^4; \quad q(6) = -\frac{7\pi^6}{80};$$

$$q(8) = -\frac{47}{3360}\pi^8;$$

2) 在单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)i/2$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数, 用洛必达法则可得

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Res}[f; (2n+1)i/2] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow (2n+1)i/2} \frac{z - (2n+1)i/2}{(e^{2\pi z} + 1)} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+2} \cos(\pi z)} \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi e^{\pi(2n+1)i}} \frac{\pi}{[(2n+1)i/2]^{2k+2} \cos(\pi(2n+1)i/2)} \\ &= \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} i^{2k+2} \cosh(\pi(2n+1/2))} \\ &= \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} i^{2k} \cosh(\pi(2n+1/2))} \\ &= \operatorname{Res}[f; -(2n+1)i/2]; \end{aligned}$$

3) 在单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)/2$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Res}\left[f; (2n+1)/2\right] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow (2n+1)/2} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+2} (e^{2\pi z} + 1)} \frac{(z - (2n+1)/2)}{\cos(\pi z)} \\ &= \frac{2^{2k+2} \pi}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{\pi(2n+1)} + 1)} \frac{1}{[-\pi \sin \pi(2n+1)/2]} \\ &= -\frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{\pi(2n+1)} + 1)}; \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Res}\left[f; -(2n+1)/2\right] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow -(2n+1)/2} \frac{1}{z^{2k+2} (e^{2\pi z} + 1)} \frac{(z + (2n+1)/2)\pi}{\cos(\pi z)} \\ &= \frac{2^{2k+2}}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{-\pi(2n+1)} + 1)} \frac{\pi}{[-\pi \sin(-\pi(2n+1)/2)]} \\ &= \frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{-\pi(2n+1)} + 1)} = \frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2}} - \frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{\pi(2n+1)} + 1)}; \end{aligned}$$

根据高斯留数基本定理, 从而有

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= q(2k+2) + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} i^{2k} \cosh(\pi(2n+1/2))} \\ &\quad + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} -\frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{\pi(2n+1)} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2}}; \\ &\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+2}}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} i^{2k} \cosh(\pi(2n+1/2))} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{2^{2k+3} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{\pi(2n+1)} + 1)} \\ &\quad + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2}} = -q(2k+2); \end{aligned}$$

令 $k=0, 1, 2, 3$ 整理得到如下级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^2 \cosh(\pi(2n+1/2))} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^2 (e^{\pi(2n+1)} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{8};$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{1}{(2n+1)^4 \cosh(\pi(2n+1/2))} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^4 (e^{\pi(2n+1)} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^4} = \frac{1}{192} \pi^4;$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^6 \cosh(\pi(2n+1/2))} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^6 (e^{\pi(2n+1)} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^6} = \frac{7\pi^6}{5120};$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^8 \cosh(\pi(2n+1/2))} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^8 (e^{\pi(2n+1)} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^8} = \frac{47}{860160} \pi^8.$$

命题 3 无穷级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^2 \cosh((2n+1)\pi)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{4(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^2 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{8} \quad (1)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^4 \cosh((2n+1)\pi)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{16(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^4 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{8(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^4} = \frac{5}{96} \pi^4 \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^6 \cosh((2n+1)\pi)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{64(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^6 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{32(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^6} = \frac{7\pi^6}{320} \quad (3)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^8 \cosh((2n+1)\pi)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{256(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^8 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{128(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^8} = \frac{95}{10752} \pi^8 \quad (4)$$

证明 选择变换核函数 $f(z) = \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+2}(e^{\pi z} + 1)\cos(\pi z)}$ 有单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)i$, $z = \pm(2n+1)/2$ 。

1) 展开成幂级数

$$\begin{aligned} f(z) &= \frac{\pi \sec(\pi z)}{z^{2k+2}(e^{\pi z} + 1)} = \frac{\pi \left[1 + (\pi z)^2/2 + 5(\pi z)^4/24 + \dots \right]}{z^{2k+2} \left[2 + (\pi z) + (\pi z)^2/2 + (\pi z)^3/6 + \dots \right]} \\ &= \frac{\pi \left[1 + (\pi z)^2/2 + 5(\pi z)^4/24 + \dots \right]}{2z^{2k+2} \left[1 + \pi z/2 + (\pi z)^2/4 + (\pi z)^3/12 + \dots \right]} \\ &= \frac{\pi}{2z^{2k+2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}(\pi z)^2 + \frac{5}{24}(\pi z)^4 + \frac{61}{720}(\pi z)^6 + \dots \right) \\ &\quad \cdot \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\pi z + \frac{1}{24}(\pi z)^3 - \frac{1}{240}(\pi z)^5 + \frac{17}{40320}(\pi z)^7 + \dots \right); \end{aligned}$$

$$f(z) \text{ 的留数 } \operatorname{Res}[f; 0] = q(2k+2) \text{。 其中 } q(2) = -\frac{\pi^2}{4}; \quad q(4) = -\frac{5}{48}\pi^4; \quad q(6) = -\frac{7\pi^6}{160};$$

$$q(8) = -\frac{95}{5376}\pi^8;$$

2) 在单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)i$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数, 用洛必达法则可得

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Res}[f; (2n+1)i] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow (2n+1)i} \frac{[z - (2n+1)i]}{(e^{\pi z} + 1)} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+2} \cos(\pi z)} \\ &= \lim_{z \rightarrow (2n+1)i} \frac{1}{\pi e^{(2n+1)\pi i}} \frac{\pi}{[(2n+1)i]^{2k+2} \cos(\pi(2n+1)i)} \\ &= -\frac{1}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} i^{2k+2} \cosh((2n+1)\pi)} \\ &= \frac{1}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} i^{2k} \cosh((2n+1)\pi)} = \operatorname{Res}[f; -(2n+1)i]; \end{aligned}$$

3) 在单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)/2$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Res}[f; (2n+1)/2] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow (2n+1)/2} \frac{1}{z^{2k+2} (e^{\pi z} + 1)} \frac{(z - (2n+1)/2)\pi}{\cos(\pi z)} \\ &= \frac{1}{[(2n+1)/2]^{2k+2} (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} \frac{\pi}{[-\pi \sin(\pi(2n+1)/2)]} \\ &= -\frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)}; \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Res}[f; -(2n+1)/2] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow -(2n+1)/2} \frac{1}{z^{2k+2} (e^{\pi z} + 1)} \frac{(z + (2n+1)/2)\pi}{\cos(\pi z)} \\ &= \frac{1}{[-(2n+1)/2]^{2k+2} (e^{-(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} \frac{\pi}{[-\pi \sin(-\pi(2n+1)/2)]} \\ &= -\frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{-(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} \\ &= -\frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} + \frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2}}; \end{aligned}$$

根据高斯留数基本定理, 从而有

$$\begin{aligned}
 0 &= q(2k+2) + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} i^{2k} \cosh((2n+1)\pi)} \\
 &\quad + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} -\frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2}}; \\
 &\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} i^{2k} \cosh((2n+1)\pi)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+3} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} \\
 &\quad + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2}} = -q(2k+2);
 \end{aligned}$$

令 $k=0,1,2,3$ 整理得到如下级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^2 \cosh((2n+1)\pi)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{4(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^2 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{8};$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{1}{(2n+1)^4 \cosh((2n+1)\pi)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{16(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^4 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{8(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^4} = \frac{5}{96} \pi^4;$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^6 \cosh((2n+1)\pi)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{64(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^6 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{32(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^6} = \frac{7\pi^6}{320};$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{1}{(2n+1)^8 \cosh((2n+1)\pi)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{256(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^8 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{128(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^8} = \frac{95}{10752} \pi^8.$$

命题 4 无穷级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n)^2 \cosh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{4(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^2 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^2} = \frac{7\pi^2}{24} \quad (1)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -\frac{1}{(2n)^4 \cosh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{16(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^4 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{8(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^4} = \frac{179}{1440} \pi^4 \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n)^6 \cosh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{64(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^6 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{32(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^6} = \frac{3067\pi^6}{60480} \quad (3)$$

证明 变换核函数 $f(z) = \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+2}(e^{\pi z} - 1)\cos(\pi z)}$ 有单极点 $z = \pm 2ni$, $z = \pm(2n+1)/2$ 。

1) 函数展开成幂级数

$$\begin{aligned} f(z) &= \frac{\pi \sec(\pi z)}{z^{2k+2}(e^{\pi z} - 1)} = \frac{\pi \left[1 + (\pi z)^2/2 + 5(\pi z)^4/24 + \dots \right]}{z^{2k+2} \left[(\pi z) + (\pi z)^2/2 + (\pi z)^3/6 + \dots \right]} \\ &= \frac{\left[1 + (\pi z)^2/2 + 5(\pi z)^4/24 + \dots \right]}{z^{2k+3} \left[1 + \pi z/2 + (\pi z)^2/6 + (\pi z)^3/24 + \dots \right]} \\ &= \frac{1}{z^{2k+3}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}(\pi z)^2 + \frac{5}{24}(\pi z)^4 + \frac{61}{720}(\pi z)^6 + \dots \right) \\ &\quad \cdot \left[1 - \frac{1}{2}\pi z + \frac{1}{12}(\pi z)^2 - \frac{1}{720}(\pi z)^4 + \frac{1}{30240}(\pi z)^6 + \dots \right]; \end{aligned}$$

$f(z)$ 的留数 $\text{Res}[f; 0] = q(2k+3)$; 其中 $q(3) = \frac{7\pi^2}{12}$; $q(5) = \frac{179}{720}\pi^4$; $q(7) = \frac{3067\pi^6}{30240}$;

2) 在单极点 $z = \pm 2ni$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数, 用洛必达法则可得

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Res}[f; 2ni] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow 2ni} \frac{[z - 2ni]}{(e^{\pi z} - 1)} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+2} \cos(\pi z)} \\ &= \lim_{z \rightarrow 2ni} \frac{1}{\pi e^{2n\pi i}} \frac{\pi}{[2ni]^{2k+2} \cos(\pi 2ni)} \\ &= \frac{1}{(2n)^{2k+2} i^{2k+2} \cosh(2n\pi)} = -\frac{1}{(2n)^{2k+2} i^{2k} \cosh(2n\pi)} = \text{Res}[f; -2ni]; \end{aligned}$$

3) 在单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)/2$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Res}[f; (2n+1)/2] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow (2n+1)/2} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+2}(e^{\pi z} - 1)} \frac{(z - (2n+1)/2)}{\cos(\pi z)} \\ &= \frac{\pi}{\left[(2n+1)/2 \right]^{2k+2} (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} - 1)} \frac{1}{[-\pi \sin(\pi(2n+1)/2)]} \\ &= -\frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} - 1)}; \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \operatorname{Res}\left[f; -(2n+1)/2\right] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow -(2n+1)/2} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+2} (e^{\pi z} - 1)} \frac{(z + (2n+1)/2)}{\cos(\pi z)} \\
 &= \frac{\pi}{\left[-(2n+1)/2\right]^{2k+2} (e^{-(2n+1)\pi/2} - 1)} \frac{1}{\left[-\pi \sin(-\pi(2n+1)/2)\right]} \\
 &= \frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{-(2n+1)\pi/2} - 1)} \\
 &= -\frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2}} - \frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} - 1)};
 \end{aligned}$$

根据高斯留数基本定理，从而有

$$0 = q(2k+3) + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} -\frac{1}{(2n)^{2k+2} i^{2k} \cosh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} -\frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2}};$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(2n)^{2k+2} i^{2k} \cosh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+3} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2} (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+2} (-1)^n}{(2n+1)^{2k+2}} = q(2k+3)。$$

令 $k=0,1,2$ 整理得到如下级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n)^2 \cosh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{4(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^2 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^2} = \frac{7\pi^2}{24};$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -\frac{1}{(2n)^4 \cosh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{16(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^4 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{8(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^4} = \frac{179}{1440} \pi^4;$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n)^6 \cosh(2n\pi)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{64(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^6 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{32(-1)^n}{(2n+1)^6} = \frac{3067\pi^6}{60480}。$$

命题 5 无穷级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -\frac{\tanh(n\pi)}{n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{4}{(2n+1)(e^{(2n+1)\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(2n+1)} = \frac{1}{2}\pi \quad (1)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(n\pi)}{n^3} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{16}{(2n+1)^3 (e^{(2n+1)\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{8}{(2n+1)^3} = \frac{\pi^3}{3} \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(n\pi)}{n^5} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{64}{(2n+1)^5 (e^{(2n+1)\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{32}{(2n+1)^5} = \frac{\pi^5}{9} \quad (3)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(n\pi)}{n^7} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{256}{(2n+1)^7 (e^{(2n+1)\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{128}{(2n+1)^7} = \frac{44\pi^7}{945} \quad (4)$$

证明 变换核函数 $f(z) = \frac{\pi \sin(\pi z)}{z^{2k+1} (e^{2\pi z} - 1) \cos(\pi z)}$ 有单极点 $z = \pm ni$, $z = \pm(2n+1)/2$ 。

1) 函数展开成幂级数

$$\begin{aligned} f(z) &= \frac{\pi \tan(\pi z)}{z^{2k+1} (e^{2\pi z} - 1)} = \frac{\pi \left[\pi z + (\pi z)^3/3 + 2(\pi z)^5/15 + \dots \right]}{z^{2k+1} \left[(2\pi z) + (2\pi z)^2/2 + (2\pi z)^3/6 + \dots \right]} \\ &= \frac{\pi^2 \left[1 + (\pi z)^2/3 + 2(\pi z)^4/15 + \dots \right]}{2\pi z^{2k+1} \left[1 + \pi z + 2(\pi z)^2/3 + (\pi z)^3/3 + \dots \right]} \\ &= \frac{\pi}{2z^{2k+1}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{3}(\pi z)^2 + \frac{2}{15}(\pi z)^4 + \frac{17}{315}(\pi z)^6 + \dots \right) \\ &\quad \cdot \left(1 - \pi z + \frac{1}{3}(\pi z)^2 - \frac{1}{45}(\pi z)^4 + \frac{2}{945}(\pi z)^6 + \dots \right); \end{aligned}$$

$f(z)$ 的留数 $\text{Res}[f; 0] = p(2k+1)$; 其中 $p(1) = \frac{1}{2}\pi$; $p(3) = \frac{\pi^3}{3}$; $p(5) = \frac{\pi^5}{9}$; $p(7) = \frac{44\pi^7}{945}$;

2) 在单极点 $z = \pm ni$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数, 用洛必达法则可得

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Res}[f; ni] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow ni} \frac{[z - ni] \pi \tan(\pi z)}{(e^{2\pi z} - 1) z^{2k+1}} = \lim_{z \rightarrow ni} \frac{1}{2\pi e^{2n\pi i}} \frac{\pi \tan(\pi ni)}{(ni)^{2k+1}} \\ &= \frac{\tanh(n\pi)}{2n^{2k+1} i^{2k}} = \text{Res}[f; -ni]; \end{aligned}$$

3) 在单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)/2$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数

$$\begin{aligned}
 \operatorname{Res}\left[f; (2n+1)/2\right] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow (2n+1)/2} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1} (e^{2\pi z} - 1)} \frac{(z - (2n+1)/2) \sin(\pi z)}{\cos(\pi z)} \\
 &= \frac{\pi}{\left[(2n+1)/2\right]^{2k+1} (e^{(2n+1)\pi} - 1)} \frac{\sin(\pi(2n+1)/2)}{\left[-\pi \sin(\pi(2n+1)/2)\right]} \\
 &= -\frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} (e^{(2n+1)\pi} - 1)};
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \operatorname{Res}\left[f; -(2n+1)/2\right] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow -(2n+1)/2} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1} (e^{2\pi z} - 1)} \frac{(z + (2n+1)/2) \sin(\pi z)}{\cos(\pi z)} \\
 &= \frac{\pi}{\left[-(2n+1)/2\right]^{2k+1} (e^{-(2n+1)\pi} - 1)} \frac{\sin(-\pi(2n+1)/2)}{\left[-\pi \sin(-\pi(2n+1)/2)\right]} \\
 &= \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} (e^{-(2n+1)\pi/2} - 1)} \\
 &= -\frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} (e^{(2n+1)\pi} - 1)} - \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1}};
 \end{aligned}$$

根据高斯留数基本定理, 从而有

$$\begin{aligned}
 0 &= p(2k+1) + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(n\pi)}{2n^{2k+1} i^{2k}} + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} -\frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} (e^{(2n+1)\pi} - 1)} \\
 &\quad + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1}}; \\
 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -\frac{\tanh(n\pi)}{n^{2k+1} i^{2k}} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+2}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} (e^{(2n+1)\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1}} &= p(2k+1);
 \end{aligned}$$

令 $k=0, 1, 2, 3$ 整理得到如下级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -\frac{\tanh(n\pi)}{n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{4}{(2n+1)(e^{(2n+1)\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(2n+1)} = \frac{1}{2}\pi;$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(n\pi)}{n^3} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{16}{(2n+1)^3 (e^{(2n+1)\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{8}{(2n+1)^3} = \frac{\pi^3}{3};$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(n\pi)}{n^5} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{64}{(2n+1)^5 (e^{(2n+1)\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{32}{(2n+1)^5} = \frac{\pi^5}{9};$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(n\pi)}{n^7} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{256}{(2n+1)^7 (e^{(2n+1)\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{128}{(2n+1)^7} = \frac{44\pi^7}{945}.$$

命题 6 无穷级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1)/2)}{(2n+1)^3} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(2n+1)^3 (e^{(2n+1)\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^3} = -\frac{1}{16}\pi^3 \quad (1)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1)/2)}{(2n+1)^5} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(2n+1)^5 (e^{(2n+1)\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^5} = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1)/2)}{(2n+1)^7} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(2n+1)^7 (e^{(2n+1)\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^7} = -\frac{7\pi^7}{11520} \quad (3)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1)/2)}{(2n+1)^9} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(2n+1)^9 (e^{(2n+1)\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^9} = 0 \quad (4)$$

证明 变换核函数 $f(z) = \frac{\pi \sin(\pi z)}{z^{2k+1} (e^{2\pi z} + 1) \cos(\pi z)}$ 有单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)i/2$, $z = \pm(2n+1)/2$ 。

1) 函数展开成幂级数

$$\begin{aligned} f(z) &= \frac{\pi \tan(\pi z)}{z^{2k+1} (e^{2\pi z} + 1)} = \frac{\pi \left[(\pi z) + (\pi z)^3/3 + 2(\pi z)^5/15 + \dots \right]}{z^{2k+1} \left[2 + (2\pi z) + (2\pi z)^2/2 + (2\pi z)^3/6 + \dots \right]} \\ &= \frac{\pi^2 \left[1 + (\pi z)^3/3 + 2(\pi z)^4/15 + \dots \right]}{2z^{2k} \left[1 + \pi z + (\pi z)^2 + (\pi z)^3/3 + \dots \right]} \\ &= \frac{\pi^2}{2z^{2k}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{3}(\pi z)^2 + \frac{2}{15}(\pi z)^4 + \frac{17}{315}(\pi z)^6 + \dots \right) \\ &\quad \cdot \left(1 - \pi z + \frac{1}{3}(\pi z)^3 - \frac{2}{15}(\pi z)^5 + 0 + \frac{17}{315}(\pi z)^7 + \dots \right); \end{aligned}$$

$f(z)$ 的留数 $\text{Res}[f; 0] = p(2k)$ 。其中 $p(2) = -\frac{1}{2}\pi^3$; $p(4) = 0$; $p(6) = -\frac{7\pi^7}{90}$; $p(8) = 0$;

2) 在单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)i/2$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数, 用洛必达法则

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Res}[f; i(2n+1)/2] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow (2n+1)i/2} \frac{[z - (2n+1)i/2] \pi \tan(\pi z)}{(e^{2\pi z} + 1) z^{2k+1}} = \frac{1}{2\pi e^{\pi(2n+1)i}} \frac{\pi \tan(\pi(2n+1)i/2)}{[(2n+1)i/2]^{2k+1}} \\ &= \frac{2^{2k} i \tanh(\pi(2n+1)/2)}{-(2n+1)^{2k+1} i^{2k+1}} = -\frac{2^{2k} \tanh(\pi(2n+1)/2)}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} i^{2k}} = \operatorname{Res}[f; -i(2n+1)/2]; \end{aligned}$$

3) 在单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)/2$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Res}[f; (2n+1)/2] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow (2n+1)/2} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1} (e^{2\pi z} + 1)} \frac{(z - (2n+1)/2) \sin(\pi z)}{\cos(\pi z)} \\ &= \frac{\pi}{[(2n+1)/2]^{2k+1} (e^{(2n+1)\pi} + 1) [-\pi \sin(\pi(2n+1)/2)]} = -\frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} (e^{(2n+1)\pi} + 1)}; \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Res}[f; -(2n+1)/2] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow -(2n+1)/2} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1} (e^{2\pi z} + 1)} \frac{(z + (2n+1)/2) \sin(\pi z)}{\cos(\pi z)} \\ &= \frac{\pi}{[-(2n+1)/2]^{2k+1} (e^{-(2n+1)\pi} + 1) [-\pi \sin(-\pi(2n+1)/2)]} \\ &= \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} (e^{-(2n+1)\pi} + 1)} = -\frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} (e^{(2n+1)\pi} + 1)} + \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1}}; \end{aligned}$$

根据高斯留数基本定理, 从而有

$$0 = p(2k) + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} -\frac{2^{2k} \tanh(\pi(2n+1)/2)}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} i^{2k}} + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} -\frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} (e^{(2n+1)\pi} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1}};$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+1} \tanh(\pi(2n+1)/2)}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} i^{2k}} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+2}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} (e^{(2n+1)\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1}} = p(2k);$$

令 $k=1, 2, 3, 4$ 整理得到如下级数恒等式。

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1)/2)}{(2n+1)^3} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(2n+1)^3 (e^{(2n+1)\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^3} = -\frac{1}{16} \pi^3;$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1)/2)}{(2n+1)^5} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(2n+1)^5 (e^{(2n+1)\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^5} = 0;$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1)/2)}{(2n+1)^7} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(2n+1)^7 (e^{(2n+1)\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^7} = -\frac{7\pi^7}{11520};$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1)/2)}{(2n+1)^9} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(2n+1)^9 (e^{(2n+1)\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^9} = 0.$$

命题 7 无穷级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1))}{(2n+1)^3} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{8}{(2n+1)^3 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{4}{(2n+1)^3} = -\frac{1}{8}\pi^3 \quad (1)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1))}{(2n+1)^5} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{32}{(2n+1)^5 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{16}{(2n+1)^5} = -\frac{1}{32}\pi^5 \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1))}{(2n+1)^7} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{128}{(2n+1)^7 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{64}{(2n+1)^7} = -\frac{41\pi^7}{2880} \quad (3)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1))}{(2n+1)^9} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{512}{(2n+1)^9 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{256}{(2n+1)^9} = -\frac{43}{7680}\pi^9 \quad (4)$$

证明 变换核函数 $f(z) = \frac{\pi \sin(\pi z)}{z^{2k+1} (e^{\pi z} + 1) \cos(\pi z)}$ 有单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)i$, $z = \pm(2n+1)/2$ 。

1) 函数展开成幂级数

$$\begin{aligned} f(z) &= \frac{\pi \tan(\pi z)}{z^{2k+1} (e^{\pi z} + 1)} = \frac{\pi \left[\pi z + (\pi z)^3/3 + 2(\pi z)^5/15 + \dots \right]}{z^{2k+1} \left[2 + (\pi z) + (\pi z)^2/2 + (\pi z)^3/6 + \dots \right]} \\ &= \frac{\pi^2 \left[1 + (\pi z)^2/3 + 2(\pi z)^4/15 + \dots \right]}{2z^{2k} \left[1 + \pi z/2 + (\pi z)^2/4 + (\pi z)^3/12 + \dots \right]} \\ &= \frac{\pi^2}{2z^{2k}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{3}(\pi z)^2 + \frac{2}{15}(\pi z)^4 + \frac{17}{315}(\pi z)^6 + \dots \right) \\ &\quad \cdot \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\pi z + \frac{1}{24}(\pi z)^3 - \frac{1}{240}(\pi z)^5 + 0 + \frac{17}{40320}(\pi z)^7 + \dots \right); \end{aligned}$$

$$f(z) \text{ 的留数 } \operatorname{Res}[f; 0] = p(2k)。 \text{ 其中 } p(2) = -\frac{1}{4}\pi^3; \quad p(4) = -\frac{1}{16}\pi^5; \quad p(6) = -\frac{41\pi^7}{1440};$$

$$p(8) = -\frac{43}{3840}\pi^9;$$

2) 在单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)i$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数, 用洛必达法则可得

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Res}[f; (2n+1)i] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow (2n+1)i} \frac{[z - (2n+1)i] \pi \sin(\pi z)}{(e^{\pi z} + 1) z^{2k+1} \cos(\pi z)} \\ &= \lim_{z \rightarrow (2n+1)i/2} \frac{1}{\pi e^{(2n+1)\pi i}} \frac{\pi}{[(2n+1)i]^{2k+1}} \tan(\pi(2n+1)i) \\ &= -\frac{i \tanh(\pi(2n+1))}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} i^{2k+1}} = -\frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1))}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} i^{2k}} \\ &= \operatorname{Res}[f; -(2n+1)i]; \end{aligned}$$

3) 在单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)/2$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Res}[f; (2n+1)/2] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow (2n+1)/2} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1} (e^{\pi z} + 1)} \frac{(z - (2n+1)/2) \sin(\pi z)}{\cos(\pi z)} \\ &= \frac{\pi}{[(2n+1)/2]^{2k+1} (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} \frac{\sin(\pi(2n+1)/2)}{[-\pi \sin(\pi(2n+1)/2)]} \\ &= -\frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)}; \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Res}[f; -(2n+1)/2] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow -(2n+1)/2} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1} (e^{\pi z} + 1)} \frac{(z + (2n+1)/2) \sin(\pi z)}{\cos(\pi z)} \\ &= \frac{\pi}{[-(2n+1)/2]^{2k+1} (e^{-(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} \frac{\sin(\pi z)}{[-\pi \sin(\pi z)]} \\ &= \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} (e^{-(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} \\ &= \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} + \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1}}; \end{aligned}$$

根据高斯留数基本定理, 从而有

$$0 = p(2k) + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} -\frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1))}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} i^{2k}} + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} -\frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1}};$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2 \tanh(\pi(2n+1))}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} i^{2k}} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+2}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+1}}{(2n+1)^{2k+1}} = p(2k);$$

令 $k=1, 2, 3, 4$ 整理得到如下级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1))}{(2n+1)^3} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{8}{(2n+1)^3 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{4}{(2n+1)^3} = -\frac{1}{8} \pi^3;$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1))}{(2n+1)^5} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{32}{(2n+1)^5 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{16}{(2n+1)^5} = -\frac{1}{32} \pi^5;$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1))}{(2n+1)^7} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{128}{(2n+1)^7 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{64}{(2n+1)^7} = -\frac{41\pi^7}{2880};$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\tanh(\pi(2n+1))}{(2n+1)^9} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{512}{(2n+1)^9 (e^{(2n+1)\pi/2} + 1)} - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{256}{(2n+1)^9} = -\frac{43}{7680} \pi^9.$$

命题 8 无穷级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{4 \coth((2n+1)\pi/2)}{(2n+1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n(e^{2n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \frac{\pi}{2} \quad (1)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{16 \coth((2n+1)\pi/2)}{(2n+1)^3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^3 (e^{2n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3} = -\frac{1}{3} \pi^3 \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{64 \coth((2n+1)\pi/2)}{(2n+1)^5} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^5 (e^{2n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^5} = \frac{\pi^5}{9} \quad (3)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{256 \coth((2n+1)\pi/2)}{(2n+1)^7} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^7 (e^{2n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^7} = -\frac{44}{945} \pi^7 \quad (4)$$

证明 变换核函数, $f(z) = \frac{\pi \cos(\pi z)}{z^{2k+1}(e^{2\pi z} + 1)\sin(\pi z)}$ 有单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)i/2$, $z = \pm n$ 。

1) 函数展开成幂级数

$$\begin{aligned} f(z) &= \frac{\pi \cot(\pi z)}{z^{2k+1}(e^{2\pi z} + 1)} = \frac{\pi \left[1/(\pi z) - (\pi z)/3 - (\pi z)^3/45 + \dots \right]}{z^{2k+1} \left[2 + (2\pi z) + (2\pi z)^2/2 + (2\pi z)^3/6 + \dots \right]} \\ &= \frac{\left[1 - (\pi z)^2/3 - (\pi z)^4/45 + \dots \right]}{2z^{2k+2} \left[1 + \pi z + (2\pi z)^2/4 + (2\pi z)^3/12 + \dots \right]} \\ &= \frac{1}{2z^{2k+2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{3}(\pi z)^2 - \frac{1}{45}(\pi z)^4 - \frac{2}{945}(\pi z)^6 + \dots \right) \\ &\quad \cdot \left(1 - (\pi z) + \frac{1}{3}(\pi z)^3 - \frac{2}{15}(\pi z)^5 + \frac{17}{315}(\pi z)^7 + \dots \right); \end{aligned}$$

$f(z)$ 的留数 $\text{Res}[f; 0] = q(2k+2)$; 其中 $q(2) = -\frac{\pi}{2}$; $q(4) = \frac{1}{3}\pi^3$; $q(6) = -\frac{\pi^5}{9}$; $q(8) = \frac{44}{945}\pi^7$;

2) 在单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)i/2$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数, 用洛必达法则可得

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Res}[f; (2n+1)i/2] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow (2n+1)i/2} \frac{[z - (2n+1)i/2] \pi \cot(\pi z)}{(e^{2\pi z} + 1) z^{2k+1}} \\ &= \lim_{z \rightarrow (2n+1)i/2} \frac{1}{2\pi e^{(2n+1)\pi i}} \frac{\pi \cot((2n+1)\pi i/2)}{[(2n+1)i/2]^{2k+1}} = \frac{-2^{2k+1} i \coth((2n+1)\pi/2)}{-(2n+1)^{2k+1} i^{2k+1}} \\ &= \frac{2^{2k+1} \coth((2n+1)\pi/2)}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} i^{2k}} = \text{Res}[f; -(2n+1)i/2]; \end{aligned}$$

3) 在单极点 $z = \pm n$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数

$$\text{Res}[f; n] = \lim_{z \rightarrow n} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1}(e^{2\pi z} + 1)} \frac{(z-n)\cos(\pi z)}{\sin(\pi z)} = \frac{\pi}{n^{2k+1}(e^{2n\pi} + 1)} \frac{\cos(n\pi)}{[\pi \cos(\pi n)]} = \frac{1}{n^{2k+1}(e^{2n\pi} + 1)};$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Res}[f; -n] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow -n} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1}(e^{2\pi z} + 1)} \frac{(z+n)\cos(\pi z)}{\sin(\pi z)} \\ &= \frac{\pi}{-n^{2k+1}(e^{-2n\pi} + 1)} \frac{\cos(-\pi n)}{[\pi \cos(-\pi n)]} = \frac{e^{2n\pi}}{-n^{2k+1}(e^{2n\pi} + 1)} = \frac{1}{n^{2k+1}(e^{2n\pi} + 1)} - \frac{1}{n^{2k+1}}; \end{aligned}$$

根据高斯留数基本定理, 从而有

$$0 = q(2k+2) + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+1} \coth((2n+1)\pi/2)}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} i^{2k}} + \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2k+1} (e^{2n\pi} + 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -\frac{1}{n^{2k+1}};$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{2k+2} \coth((2n+1)\pi/2)}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} i^{2k}} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^{2k+1} (e^{2n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2k+1}} = -q(2k+2);$$

令 $k=0,1,2,3$ 整理得到如下级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{4 \coth((2n+1)\pi/2)}{(2n+1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n(e^{2n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \frac{\pi}{2};$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{16 \coth((2n+1)\pi/2)}{(2n+1)^3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^3 (e^{2n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3} = -\frac{1}{3} \pi^3;$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{64 \coth((2n+1)\pi/2)}{(2n+1)^5} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^5 (e^{2n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^5} = \frac{\pi^5}{9};$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{256 \coth((2n+1)\pi/2)}{(2n+1)^7} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^7 (e^{2n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^7} = -\frac{44}{945} \pi^7.$$

命题 9 无穷级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2 \coth((2n+1)\pi)}{(2n+1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n(e^{n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad (1)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{2 \coth((2n+1)\pi)}{(2n+1)^3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^3 (e^{n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3} = -\frac{5}{48} \pi^3 \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2 \coth((2n+1)\pi)}{(2n+1)^5} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^5 (e^{n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^5} = \frac{\pi^5}{288} \quad (3)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2 \coth((2n+1)\pi)}{(2n+1)^7} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^7 (e^{n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^7} = -\frac{47}{48384} \pi^7 \quad (4)$$

证明 变换核函数 $f(z) = \frac{\pi \cos(\pi z)}{z^{2k+1} (e^{\pi z} + 1) \sin(\pi z)}$ 有单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)i$, $z = \pm n$ 。

1) 展开成幂级数

$$\begin{aligned} f(z) &= \frac{\pi \cot(\pi z)}{z^{2k+1} (e^{\pi z} + 1)} = \frac{\pi \left(\frac{1}{\pi z} - (\pi z)/3 - (\pi z)^3/45 - \dots \right)}{z^{2k+1} \left(2 + (\pi z) + (\pi z)^2/2 + \dots \right)} \\ &= \frac{\pi \left(1 - (\pi z)^2/3 - (\pi z)^4/45 - \dots \right)}{z^{2k+2} \left(2 + (\pi z) + (\pi z)^2/2 + (\pi z)^3/6 + (\pi z)^3/24 + \dots \right)} \\ &= \frac{1}{2z^{2k+2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{3}(\pi z)^2 - \frac{1}{45}(\pi z)^4 - \frac{2}{945}(\pi z)^6 + \dots \right) \\ &\quad \cdot \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}(\pi z) + \frac{1}{24}(\pi z)^3 - \frac{1}{240}(\pi z)^5 + \frac{17}{40320}(\pi z)^7 + \dots \right); \end{aligned}$$

$$f(z) \text{ 留数 } \operatorname{Res}[f; 0] = q(2k+2); \text{ 其中 } q(2) = -\frac{\pi}{4}; q(4) = \frac{5}{48}\pi^3; q(6) = -\frac{\pi^5}{288}; q(8) = \frac{47}{48384}\pi^7;$$

2) 在单极点 $z = \pm(2n+1)i$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Res}[f; (2n+1)i] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow (2n+1)i} \frac{z - (2n+1)i}{(e^{\pi z} + 1)} \frac{\pi \cot(\pi z)}{z^{2k+1}} = \frac{1}{\pi e^{\pi(2n+1)i}} \frac{\pi \cot((2n+1)\pi i)}{[(2n+1)i]^{2k+1}} \\ &= \frac{-i \coth((2n+1)\pi)}{-i^{2k+1} (2n+1)^{2k+1}} = \frac{\coth((2n+1)\pi)}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} i^{2k}} = \operatorname{Res}[f; -(2n+1)i]; \end{aligned}$$

3) 在单极点 $z = \pm n$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数

$$\operatorname{Res}[f; n] = \lim_{z \rightarrow n} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1} (e^{\pi z} + 1)} \frac{(z-n) \cos(\pi z)}{\sin(\pi z)} = \lim_{z \rightarrow n} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1} (e^{\pi z} + 1)} \frac{\cos(\pi z)}{[\pi \cos(\pi z)]} = \frac{1}{n^{2k+1} (e^{n\pi} + 1)};$$

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Res}[f; -n] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow -n} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1} (e^{\pi z} + 1)} \frac{(z+n) \cos(\pi z)}{\sin(\pi z)} \\ &= \frac{\pi}{-n^{2k+1} (e^{-n\pi} + 1)} \frac{\cos(\pi z)}{[\pi \cos(\pi z)]} = \frac{e^{n\pi}}{-n^{2k+1} (e^{n\pi} + 1)} = -\frac{1}{n^{2k+1}} + \frac{1}{n^{2k+1} (e^{n\pi} + 1)}; \end{aligned}$$

根据高斯留数基本定理, 从而有

$$0 = q(2k+2) + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\coth((2n+1)\pi)}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} i^{2k}} + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2k+1} (e^{n\pi} + 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -\frac{1}{n^{2k+1}};$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2\coth((2n+1)\pi)}{(2n+1)^{2k+1} i^{2k}} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^{2k+1} (e^{n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2k+1}} = -q(2k+2);$$

令 $k=0,1,2,3$ 整理得到如下级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2\coth((2n+1)\pi)}{(2n+1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n(e^{n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \frac{\pi}{4};$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{2\coth((2n+1)\pi)}{(2n+1)^3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^3(e^{n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3} = -\frac{5}{48}\pi^3;$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2\coth((2n+1)\pi)}{(2n+1)^5} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^5(e^{n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^5} = \frac{\pi^5}{288};$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} -\frac{2\coth((2n+1)\pi)}{(2n+1)^7} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^7(e^{n\pi} + 1)} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^7} = -\frac{47}{48384}\pi^7.$$

命题 10 无穷级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -\frac{\coth(n\pi)}{n} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n(e^{2n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\coth(n\pi)}{n^3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^3(e^{2n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3} = \frac{7}{90}\pi^3 \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -\frac{\coth(n\pi)}{n^5} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^5(e^{2n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^5} = 0 \quad (3)$$

证明 变换核函数, $f(z) = \frac{\pi \cos(\pi z)}{z^{2k+1} (e^{2\pi z} - 1) \sin(\pi z)}$ 有单极点 $z = \pm n$, $z = \pm ni$ 。

1) 展开成幂级数

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(z) &= \frac{\pi \cot(\pi z)}{z^{2k+1}(e^{2\pi z} - 1)} = \frac{\pi \left[1/(\pi z) - (\pi z)/3 - (\pi z)^3/45 + \dots \right]}{z^{2k+1} \left[(2\pi z) + (2\pi z)^2/2 + (2\pi z)^3/6 + \dots \right]} \\
 &= \frac{\left[1 - (\pi z)^2/3 - (\pi z)^4/45 + \dots \right]}{2\pi z^{2k+3} \left[1 + \pi z + 2(\pi z)^3/3 + (\pi z)^3/3 + 2(\pi z)^4/15 + \dots \right]} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi z^{2k+3}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{3}(\pi z)^2 - \frac{1}{45}(\pi z)^4 - \frac{2}{945}(\pi z)^6 + \dots \right) \\
 &\quad \cdot \left(1 - \pi z + \frac{1}{3}(\pi z)^2 - \frac{1}{45}(\pi z)^4 + \frac{2}{945}(\pi z)^6 + \dots \right);
 \end{aligned}$$

$f(z)$ 的留数 $\text{Res}[f; 0] = q(2k+3)$; 其中 $q(3) = 0$; $q(5) = -\frac{7}{90}\pi^3$; $q(7) = 0$;

2) 在单极点 $z = \pm n$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数, 用洛必达法则可得

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Res}[f; n] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow n} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1}(e^{2\pi z} - 1)} \frac{[z-n]\cos(\pi z)}{\sin(\pi z)} \\
 &= \lim_{z \rightarrow n} \frac{\pi}{n^{2k+1}(e^{2n\pi} - 1)} \frac{\cos(n\pi)}{[\pi \cos(\pi n)]} = \frac{1}{n^{2k+1}(e^{2n\pi} - 1)}; \\
 \text{Res}[f; -n] &= \lim_{z \rightarrow -n} \frac{\pi}{z^{2k+1}(e^{2\pi z} - 1)} \frac{[z+n]\cos(-\pi n)}{\pi \sin(-\pi n)} \\
 &= \frac{\pi}{-n^{2k+1}(e^{-2n\pi} - 1)} \frac{\cos(-\pi n)}{[\pi \cos(-\pi n)]} = \frac{1}{n^{2k+1}(e^{2n\pi} - 1)} + \frac{1}{n^{2k+1}};
 \end{aligned}$$

3) 在单极点 $z = \pm ni$, 计算 $f(z)$ 的留数

$$\text{Res}[f; ni] = \lim_{z \rightarrow ni} \frac{(z-ni)\pi \cot(\pi z)}{z^{2k+1}(e^{2\pi z} - 1)} = \frac{\pi}{2\pi e^{2n\pi}} \frac{\cot(\pi ni)}{[ni]^{2k+1}} = \frac{-i \coth(n\pi)}{2n^{2k+1}i^{2k+1}} = -\frac{\coth(n\pi)}{2n^{2k+1}i^{2k}} = \text{Res}[f; -ni];$$

根据高斯留数基本定理, 从而有

$$0 = q(2k+3) + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} -\frac{\coth(n\pi)}{2n^{2k+1}i^{2k}} + \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2k+1}(e^{2n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2k+1}};$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -\frac{\coth(n\pi)}{n^{2k+1}i^{2k}} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^{2k+1}(e^{2n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^{2k+1}} = -q(2k+3);$$

令 $k = 0, 1, 2$ 整理得到如下级数恒等式

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -\frac{\coth(n\pi)}{n} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n(e^{2n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = 0;$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\coth(n\pi)}{n^3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^3(e^{2n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3} = \frac{7}{90}\pi^3;$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -\frac{\coth(n\pi)}{n^5} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^5(e^{2n\pi} - 1)} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^5} = 0。$$